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VOL. 19 VICTORIA, B. C., SATURDAY, MARCH 17, 1894. No. 70

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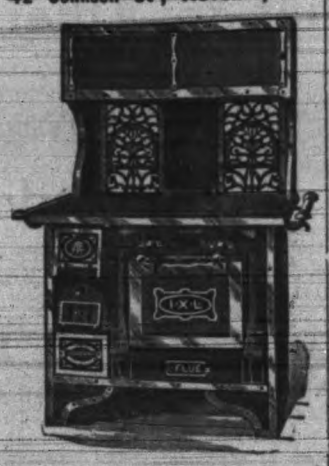

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Spring, 1894

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A Reward of One Thousand Dollars ($1,000) will be paid for such information as will lead to the arrest and conviction of the person or persons who, on or about the morning of the 18th inst., placed or caused to be placed or exploded, a bomb or other dangerous explosive on or near the residence of Alexander Sharp, at Wellington, in the County of Nanaimo.

Signed,
R. DUNSMUIR & SONS.
Victoria, B.C., March 16, 1894.

General Steamship Agency.

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To and from All European Points

From Halifax.

Allan Line, Laurentian	March 31
Allan Line, Parisian	April 14
Dominion Line, Vancouver	March 24
Dominion Line, Oregon	April 7
Beaver Line, Lake Ontario	March 28
Beaver Line, Lake Superior	April 11

From New York.

American Line, New York	March 28
American Line, Paris	April 4
Cunard Line, Campania	March 24
Cunard Line, Etruria	March 31
White Star Line, Germanic	March 28
White Star Line, Teutonic	April 4
North Ger. Lloyd Line, Ems	March 31
North Ger. Lloyd Line, Haver	April 3
Red Star Line, Westernland	March 29
Red Star Line, Noordland	April 4

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General Agent, Victoria.
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Terrors of the Deep.

New York, March 17.—The Portuguese steamer Vega, from Fayal in the Azores, brings news of terrible suffering by the crew of the British ship Montgomery, which vessel is now at Fayal, partly wrecked. The vessel left New York for the Azores on February 27th. On the third day after entering the Gulf Stream she encountered a terrible gale in the which the captain, first and second officers and seven of the crew were swept over board. The remaining six succeeded in reaching Fayal in the vessel.

American News.

New York, March 17.—The weekly statement of the associated banks shows the following changes: Reserves, increase, $1,608,925; loans, increase, $318,000; specie, increase, $1,219,200; legal tender, increase, $2,240,400; deposits, increase, $7,162,700; circulation, decrease, $224,800. The banks now hold $77,302,300 in excess of the requirements of the 25 per cent. rule.

Pittsburg, March 17.—Pittsburg contributed nearly 400 men to the army of pioneers that started for California in 1849 at the time of the gold fever, and who were able to participate in making California a free state. Of the 400 15 are surviving and living in this neighborhood and to-day the veteran argonauts are holding a reunion and exchanging experiences of those stirring days.

Pottsville, Pa., March 17.—Families occupying houses in one of the squares in Glencarbon, a mining town, have been notified to vacate their premises as the houses are threatening to drop into the worked out portion of the Reading Company's colliery that undermines the village. Big cracks have already appeared on the surface. The people are moving expeditiously.

But One Opinion

prevails throughout the world, and that is so strongly in favor of Perry Davis' PAIN KILLER, that no other articles ever attained so wide-spread popularity. 25 cents buys a big bottle.

DENVER EMEUTE.

General McCook Despatches a Telegraphic Report.

TO SECRETARY LAMONT THIS MORNING

Troops Will Remain In Denver for Some Time.

They Will Protect Only Property of the United States Government—Serious Fracas at the Victor Mine—Troops Hurrying to the Scene—Four Deputy Sheriffs Captured.

Washington, D. C., March 17.—Secretary Lamont received a telegraphic report from General McCook at Denver this morning. There is no change in the attitude of the United States in the matter. Federal troops will be used only for the protection of the property of the United States government.

Denver, Col., March 17.—It is stated by the superintendent of the Victor mine at Altman, that the Victor miners have been driven off by a large force of men, and that four deputy sheriffs of that place have been captured by the rioters and one man shot. Troops are going to the camp as rapidly as possible.

Washington, D. C., March 17.—Secretary Lamont carried Gen. McCook's report to the President. The dispatch sent to McCook yesterday after the cabinet meeting, is considered sufficent to govern his actions in any emergency. McCook's report contains nothing additional to what has been published by the morning papers. Senator Teller said he consulted with Lamont in compliance with telegrams received from home, and federal troops will stay in Denver for a while.

Gov. Waite has decided to submit the question of the legality of the two boards to the supreme court.

There was great excitement at one time to-day on Laramie street, caused by the appearance of a light battery marching to Cripple Creek. It was at first thought it was going to attack the city hall.

Cripple Creek, Colo., March 17.—The sheriff will await the arrival of the militia before moving. The miners are determined, and that place will likely be the centre of trouble. The telegraph line is down.

Denver, Colo., March 17.—The feeling against the governor runs very high, and it is said the temper of the opposition to him is such that the slightest pretext would be taken as an excuse for a personal assault upon him. The propriety of having the governor seized as a lunatic was discussed by some, and at one time seriously considered. The militia are still out and the federal troops are encamped in the heart of the city. To-day Adjutant-General Tarner received a request from Cripple Creek for troops to put down the miners' riot there, and he immediately ordered three militia regiments to the scene. The trouble at the Creek is over wages. The governor telegraphed the sheriff at Cripple Creek today that he ought not to call on him (the governor) for troops unless as a last resort. At last reports the situation at Cripple Creek was very serious.

Washington, March 17.—The war department has been notified that Governor Waite has ordered 10 companies of militia to the Cripple Creek district.

A KISSING BEE.

Something Not Seen Every Day in a Law Court.

Long Island City, L.I., March 17.—Men running from women wishing to kiss them agitated the county court here yesterday. Judge Garreston was on the bench, and a jury had just announced a verdict of "not guilty" in the case of Anna Wonzowlaska, a pretty Polish girl, aged sixteen, charged with a criminal offence. The verdict caused a commotion among a number of Polish women in the rear of the court room. They rushed into the open space reserved for lawyers and fell upon Counsellor Merrill, who defended the girl, and assailed him with fervent kisses. Each kiss was loud and the counsellor became red in the face. The jurymen smiled, but their turn was coming. Before they realized what was going to happen, the women made an assault upon the jury box and grabbed the members of the jury around the neck and imprinted kisses on their cheeks and hands. The men struggled, but the chairs prevented their escape until all but the foreman had received an affectionate embrace. Foreman Armstrong ran for the door. It was a short sharp race, but the foreman won. Judge Garretson frowned from his bench, but was too surprised to act until it was nearly over. He was recovering his composure when the women started for him. The judge was saved by the interference of the court officials, who succeeded in getting the women to leave the court rooms. The earnestness of the women had such an effect upon the spectators present that they made up a purse of $20 for the girl. She left court light of heart and will go to a family in Port Washington, L. I., who will give her a home.

Annie Pixley's Relatives.

New York, March 17.—Fulford, husband of Annie Pixley, has effected a settlement satisfactory to the relatives of his late wife. The mother of the actress, it is said, will receive $25,000 and an allowance for life, while the sisters will receive $10,000 each and an allowance.

Sufferings of Sailors.

Gloucester, Mass., March 17.—A thrilling story of peril and suffering in the ice was reported yesterday by the fishing schooner Bessie M. Wells. The halibut fisher Blanche of this port sought shelter in Port au Basque, Newfoundland, on March 11th, when a sudden change of wind filled the harbor with bergs and field ice. The schooner was driven upon the rocks, but was later swept to sea with the ice, which rose high above her masts and swirled about her, grinding, tossing and finally sweeping her under, fifty miles from land. The crew of sixteen hurriedly saved themselves by jumping upon a floe in the middle of the night, and upon this they drifted for twenty hours. Fortunately they had been able to take a little food and their mattresses, and by making bonfires of the latter they saved themselves from freezing, but they were nearly dead from the exposure when another change in the wind drove them to the shore.

AT THE CAPITAL.

Fielding of Nova Scotia Heartily Thanks The Liberal Commons.

Ottawa, March 17.—Premier Fielding telegraphed to-day as follows: Halifax, March 17.—James Sutherland, M. P. A hearty vote of thanks to the Liberals in the house of commons for their kind message of congratulations. W. S. Fielding.

Charlton will introduce the bill to repeal that portion of the customs duties act empowering the governor-general-in-council to impose a customs duty on sawlogs to the extent of $3 a thousand feet, and to diminish, repeal and re-impose such duties at the pleasure of the government. The existence of this on the statute book causes a feeling of unrest among lumber men, who are afraid that the government may take advantage of the power at any time.

CALIFORNIA'S METROPOLIS.

The Pool Murder Case—St. Patrick's Day Duly Honored.

San Francisco, March 17.—The trial of Miss Jane Shattuck, charged with the murder of Harry Pool, has been set for April 16th.

John M. B. Sill, the newly appointed minister to Corea, is in town en route to the Orient, and will sail with his family on the Gaelic next Tuesday.

The anniversary of Erin's patron saint is being observed here to-day.

DELUSIONAL INSANITY.

Caustic Criticism by an Illinois Supreme Court Judge.

Rockford, Ill., March 17.—John Hart, who was executed yesterday for the murder of his two sisters, was the only son of an old resident of the country west of this city, who committed suicide two years ago leaving $50,000. The widow and son, together with two sisters were the heirs. The women opposed the division of the estate, which was sought by the son, who returned from a long visit to the west just after his father's death.

On September 5th last, while his mother was temporarily absent from home Hart went to the place, enticed his sister Nellie from a hammock to the barn, forced a large phial of paris green down her throat, fractured her skull with a hammer, shot her in the breast and left her for dead. Going into the house he upbraided his elder sister Mary, and then shot her four times in succession, killing her instantly. After changing his bloody clothes he rode over the country for five hours, and finally reached Rockford at 10 o'clock at night, being arrested while being shaved in a barber shop.

Nellie Hart survived until the next day, and made a long statement of the murder, fixing the crime on her brother, and furnishing all the necessary details. The crime created a great sensation, and it was only prompt measures of protection taken by Sheriff Burbank that prevented a lynching bee. Hart was brought to trial during the first week of February. Insanity was the defence, but the jury was prompt in rendering a verdict of guilty. The motion for a new trial was promptly over-ruled and on Febuary 8 the defendant was sentenced to death.

The remarks of Judge Shaw in passing sentence attracted attention in medical and legal circles throughout the country. Among other things he said: "John Hart shall not be permitted to cheat justice and escape punishment on the plea of delusional insanity, a kind of insanity which is now too often urged, and which begins with the criminal act and ends with it. The jury was not impressed greatly with the force of the expert medical testimony given in this case. An enlightened public opinion and the maturing conviction of judges, lawyers and laymen are losing faith in this mode of defending criminals, and in this whole business, and unless medical men change their methods in this important matter, and give us less hypothetical theorizing and more common sense, the value of such evidence will soon become worse than useless in great criminal trials." No effort was made to take the case to the supreme court.

ENERGETIC ACTION.

The Pacific and Atlantic Schemes Being Vigorously Pushed.

London, March 17.—At a meeting of the colonial party, held yesterday, it was ordered that Sir Charles Tupper be waited upon, and asked for the fullest information in regard to the subsidy which the Canadian government has promised to give the proposed fast Atlantic steamship line, that the matter be brought before the Imperial house of commons.

Sir Charles Tupper convened a meeting of the agents general of the colonies to-day to discuss with Sir Thomas McIlwraith and Hon. Robt. Reid, the Canadian-Australian cable and steamship schemes, and to arrange for joint action. James Huldart who was present, expressed himself as confident that the projects would secure the support of the British government.

The Farmers Too Busy.

Birmingham, Ala., March 17.—The meeting of the Alliance men of the Southern States, which was to have been held here yesterday, to reorganize the Farmers' Alliance, failed. A representative assembly was not secured. Dr. Macune, of Washington, who is leading the movement, said politics and business had detained most of the delegates. He said he would call another meeting for the early fall.

TACHE TO ABERDEEN

The Roman Catholic Archbishop of Manitoba

APPEALS TO THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Against the Abolition of the R. C. Separate Schools.

His Grace Reminds Lord Aberdeen of the Constitutional Promise—Roman Catholics Too Loyal to Disobey the Law—Cruel to Take Advantage of Their Submission.

Winnipeg, March 17.—The governments of Manitoba and the Northwest recently passed legislation abolishing Roman Catholic separate schools, thus virtually compelling children of Roman Catholics to attend the public schools. The Roman Catholics appealed to the privy council of England, but that tribunal declared the governments had power to pass such legislation. As a last resort, Archbishop Tache to-day, as head of the Roman Catholic church in Manitoba, forwarded a memorial to Lord Aberdeen praying him to disallow this legislation. His Grace contends that at the time the Dominion was organized Roman Catholics were promised that their schools should not be interfered with, and he concluded his memorial as follows: "I love my country; I would like to see its political institutions admired; I would be happy to feel that the freedom they are supposed to afford is enjoyed by all. But, alas! the events of the last few years are not showing Canada and Canadians to the best advantage. The divine precepts have prepared my will to submit to the law of the land of my allegiance, but my heart is not forbidden to bleed when such laws are unjust and detrimental to the interests of so many of Her Majesty's loyal subjects. Sincere Roman Catholics will obey the laws even if offensive to their interests and enacted against them, precisely because they have Roman Catholic convictions. How cruel it is to take advantage of this spirit of submission to oppress them. May God pardon the authorities and abettors of such wrong-doings and enlighten them that they may comprehend that the maltreatment of the minority will, in the long run, prove injurious to this province, its adjacent territories and even the whole Dominion."

Da Gama's Extremity.

Lisbon, March 17.—The Lisbon press assert that da Gama has asked for the use of a Portuguese steamer to convey himself and his officers to Buenos Ayres.

Ferocious Oyster Pirates.

Tusley, Va., March 17.—Brisk firing between a party of 25 Maryland oyster pirates and the police schooner Tangier, took place on Thursday night at this place. The schooner fired several shots from a cannon at the pirates, who attacked the schooner from shore. The pirates declare they will kill the schooner's crew.

Sir Francis Cook in Court.

London, March 17.—The trial of the action brought by Mrs. Holland against Sir Francis Cook, husband of Tennessee Claflin, for breach of promise and seduction, began to-day. The defendant admits intimacy with the woman, but says that he never promised to marry her and that he always paid for her favors.

Nova Scotia Elections.

Halifax, March 17.—Full returns of the elections give twenty-four government supporters and fourteen opposition. The defeat of Speaker Power in Halifax is confirmed. He is 150 votes behind Black Morrison, Conservative, in Richmond, instead of Mathieson, as first reported; and Morrison, Liberal, defeats Fraser, Liberal, in Victoria. Drysdale is also elected in Hants by 17 majority. Full returns show that Hon. C. E. Church has 300 majority in Lunenburg.

Halifax, March 17.—The Fielding government has been sustained by a majority of about 15. Mr. Cahan, in Shelburne, opposition leader in the legislature, Mr. Webster, in King's county, another prominent member of the opposition, and Samuel McDonnell, a member of the government without portfolio, who ran in Inverness, are defeated. All the other members of the government are elected. Three Liberals were running in Victoria and three in Yarmouth. One Conservative was elected in the latter. The complete returns of the voting in this city show that Mr. Roche, a government candidate, was defeated, and that Black, opposition, is elected.

Killed by a Burglar.

Los Angeles, March 17.—Andrew Carson, a respected citizen of Whittier, 12 miles from here, was mortally wounded early this morning by a man he caught trying to rob his house. Carson was awakened at 3.30 by the sound of some one cutting the shutter. Proceeding to investigate, he crept down the front stairs and saw a man, who was evidently in search of booty. A terrible scuffle ensued between Carson and the burglar. The robber fired three shots and jumped through a window, escaping on a horse stolen from a neighboring farmer. Carson has a bullet hole through the lungs and two in the biceps of the right arm. He cannot recover. A sheriff's posse is scouring the country in search of the murderer, and he is being tracked toward Elmonte.

Anarchists' Lives Insured.

Paris, March 17.—The Gaulois asserts that the life of Vaillant, the anarchist, was insured for £8000, and that the money was paid to the anarchist propaganda in London. The Gaulois also asserts that the lives of anarchists Henry, who threw the bomb in the Cafe Terminus, and Paules, who was killed by his own bomb in the Madeleine were similarly insured.

THE BRITISH ARMY.

Adverse Criticism Upon It Passed in the Commons.

London, March 16.—In the house of commons to-day Sir Edward Gray, in answer to a question by Sir James Carmichael, Liberal, said the government would gladly consider any practical proposition looking to an international entente limiting armaments. It is feared, however, that in the meantime it would be useless to initiate such reform by a modification of the army estimates.

Sir Charles Dilke moved that the government give assurance that the military estimates would be formed to meet the requirements of a possible war on sea and land under the advice of officers of each arm of the service who were qualified to command their respective departments.

Sir Charles Dilke urged that the condition of the army was especially bad. Its affairs, he declared, were conducted with a singular lack of business system, and by methods such as no public company would tolerate nor any private person adopt. This state of things was certain to involve disaster in the event of a great war.

Sir Randolph Churchill suggested the formation of a national defence department. The best results, he believed, could never be attained while the opinions of the military leaders were communicated through one minister, and he a civilian, who was often unable to appreciate the advice given.

Right Hon. H. Campbell Bannerman, secretary of state for war, opposed the suggestion of Lord Randolph Churchill. The present co-operative system between the officials of the navy and military departments he believed to be perfect.

Sir Charles Dilke then withdrew a motion which he had offered in the sense of his remarks.

This evening Right Hon. Campbell Bannerman made a general statement as to the army policy of the government. He maintained that it was best to have one army organization for the United Kingdom, the colonies and India. At home the government should maintain a force of two army corps, with a total strength of 80,000 men. These two corps would render impossible any plan of invasion. The regiments at home should be interchangable with those drafted abroad.

Right Hon. Campbell Bannerman argued that the proposal to increase the navy was no excuse for a reduction in the army. The estimates for 1894-5, he said, were £18,080,900, or £278,100 more than last year. The increase was due partly to better treatment of the men. The reserve, which was at present 80,349 strong, would be increased by 12,000 within the near future.

THE TRADE OUTLOOK.

An Improved Condition Notable in All Directions.

New York, March 17.—Bradstreet's says: The unusual prolongation of the mild, spring-like weather during the early portion of March has greatly stimulated the consumptive demand in almost all staple lines. A corroboration of this is found in the almost unanimous reports of increasing sales from six of the large distributing points in New England and the middle states. More sales in general lines are reported from Boston, with special activity in lumber and building materials. The Providence manufacturers of cotton yarns and the woolen mills in northern Rhode Island are starting upon heavy weight cloths. Philadelphia merchants report an improving outlook for dealings with the west and the south and gains in the sale of shoes. The increased distribution of woolens has been at a sacrifice in price, and there, as at Pittsburg, Chicago and other centres, competition has further reduced prices for shaped as well as raw iron and steel. After relatively unfavorable reports from Baltimore in several preceding weeks, a marked change in feeling among jobbers there has taken place, following larger volumes of sales in notions, dry goods and millinery. Chicago reports give a very favorable statement regarding trade this week, it having been the best thus far in the season. Millinery and shoes report a heavier demand, although there is an improvement in the request for light hardware. The see-saw weekly movement of bank clearings is illustrated after last week's gain with a total of $855,000,000, 8 per cent. less than last week and 30 per cent. less than the same week a year ago. The January earnings of many important railways indicate, compared with January last year, a gain of 15.2 per cent., but show a falling off in net earnings for January this year, as compared with last year, of only 8.5 per cent. The exports of wheat flour included on both coasts of the United States and Canada, are this week equal to 3,258,000, against 2,851,000 last week and 2,886,000 bushels in the same week a year ago. Nearly all the larger western cities give evidence of an improved feeling in business circles, showing a more encouraging prospect. Business at San Francisco is only fair, wheat exports having been checked. It is announced that the state of California will carry over 16,500,000 bushels of wheat on July 1, that one cargo of 163,000 gallons of brandy was shipped to Germany this week, the largest ever exported. Trade at Montreal is quiet, and is expected to remain so until after navigation opens, a few weeks hence. Jobbers report the demand for groceries and shoes most active. At Toronto the business situation is featureless.

R. G. Dun & Co. say the failures for the first week in March were few, with liabilities thus far reported of only $2,025,338, of which $816,284 were of manufacturing concerns. The number of failures this week is 264 in the United States, against 190 the same week last year, and 35 in Canada, against 30 at this time last year. The absense of important embarrassments is still most encouraging.

The Denver Disturbance.

Denver, March 16.—This evening Gov. Waite announced that the proposition to submit to the supreme court the question of the rightful claim to the office of commissioner would probably be accepted by him, but he wanted a little more time to think over this. No disturbance occurred during the day, but the militia is ready to assemble at a moment's notice. Governor Waite regrets having called out the troops. He stated to Gen. McCook in conference that a man had told him that the general intimated that he was ready to order out the regulars when the governor should call upon him for that purpose. General McCook denied this. He has fully shown his position, and after a long talk satisfied the governor that he had been deceived. Sheriff Burchinell telegraphed Hon. Daniel S. Lamont, secretary of war: "I am quite able to maintain peace here unless the militia of the state are used against me. Nobody but the governor is seeking to disturb the peace, and he is acting in contempt of the district court of this county." During the afternoon a number of prominent men assembled to consider the advisability of proceeding against the governor on the question of his sanity. A committee was appointed to call upon General McCook and find out what he proposed to do and another committee will look up the lunacy laws. The question of lunacy is sprung solely for the purpose of preventing the governor from proceeding with the militia without the advice of anyone. It is an act only to be attempted as a last resource. Hon. Caldwell Yeoman was the head of the matter.

J. H. BRICKWOOD'S CASE.

A Government Official and his Rheumatism Cured by 12 boxes of Dodd's Kidney Pills—Sets all the people asking Questions of the Druggist

Kingston, March 12.—The fact that rheumatism is caused by diseased kidneys, has been again conclusively proved by the case of Mr. J. H. Brickwood, fishery inspector for this district. He suffered from rheumatism for fifteen years and found no cure in the prescriptions of doctors or in patent medicines. Finally, he used Dodd's Kidney Pills, twelve boxes of which cured him. Harry Wade, the well known druggist here, who sold Mr. Brickwood the pills, says he is overrun with inquiries as to the genuineness of Mr. Brickwood's story, of which he is able to satisfy everyone. He also reports large sales of the pills with most satisfactory results in every case.

EDISON AND SANDOW.

The Kings of Brain and Brawn Photographed Together.

New York, March 16.—The strongest man on earth, to quote the play bills, and the greatest inventor of the age met at Menlo Park, N. J., yesterday. The meeting was an interesting one, and the giant of brain and the giant of muscle found much to admire in each other. Sandow marveled at Edison's inventions and the Wizard gazed longingly and enviously at the prodigious muscles of the strong man. The latest development of Edison's genius in the line of photography, on which he has been working for the past five years, the kinetoscope, was practically completed a few days ago, and in casting about for a unique subject for the first photograph by the new process Edison chose Sandow as the most fitting and striking character. Accompanied by John Koster, of Koster & Haines of the Northwestern telephone company, Sandow took the Delaware & Lackawanna train at 11 o'clock yesterday morning for Menlo park. Edison met the quartet at the depot. The main principle of the kinetoscope, as is already known, consists of taking a great number of impressions by a camera in a limited space of time, thus obtaining a continuous photograph of the entire motion of the object or person. The photographs follow each other in such rapid succession that no lapse of time can be detected between the impression recorded, and the series of pictures becomes in effect but one picture.

Then proceeding to the studio Edison and Sandow walked arm in arm. The studio is a building apart from the factory. It is so constructed as to move with the sun, so that the luminary, which shines through an aperture about twenty feet in width, will always shine directly on the object or person being photographed, the object being to get a perfect focus. The building, as it turns, rolls like a ship, being erected on a sort of pivot. The walls, floors and ceiling of the studio are black. The machine for taking pictures consists of a large square box, about 4 feet by 8. The slide, however, is different from the ordinary, as it is revolving. Back of the spring is a sensitive gelatine plate, in the form of a band, that runs on two rollers. The rollers are revolved rapidly by electricity. Forty-six pictures are pictures are taken in one second and the exposure lasts twenty seconds—the length of time required to unroll the band. The camera is kept behind the curtain in complete darkness, and when the person is ready to be photographed the curtain is drawn aside, the camera pushed forward on rollers and the exposure takes place.

The opening in the camera is but three inches in width and the pictures are an inch square, though the inventor says he will be able to take pictures of a larger size soon.

Sandow showed his eight well-known movements for the distension of the muscles. These had to be done within twenty seconds, the time of the exposure, so it necessitated some practice beforehand. The plate secured was declared perfect.

"Let's get our pictures taken together," said Edison.

"I should consider it an honor and a privilege," replied Sandow, and in a few moments the picture was taken.

"I never use the word obey in the marriage ceremony," said Dr. Anna Shaw in a recent address before the Pilgrim Mothers. "I wouldn't marry a woman that was such a fool as to promise to obey a man in everything and mean it. I wouldn't marry a woman that was such a liar as to promise to obey a man and not mean it. There is nobody that knows so much about the duty of a wife and mother or is so ready to tell what they know as a very young man who has never tried being either one."

"How to Cure all Skin Diseases."

Simply apply "Swayne's Ointment." No internal medicine required. Cures tetter, eczema, itch, all eruptions on the face, hands, nose, &c., leaving the skin clear, white and healthy. Its great healing and curative powers are possessed by no other remedy. Ask your druggist for Swayne's Ointment. Lyman, Sons & Co., Montreal. Wholesale agents. tts&w

Itch cured in 30 minutes by Woolford's Sanitary Lotion. This never fails. Sold by Langley & Co.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

CURES COLD, CROUP, BALSAM

Perseverance in using it will give relief, even in cases of long standing, where a cure seemed impossible and life seemed hardly worth living

Per Bottle, 25c, 50c, or $1.00

Like a Miracle

Consumption—Low Condition

Wonderful Results From Taking Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Miss Hannah Wyatt
Toronto, Ont.

"Four years ago while in the old country (England), my daughter Hannah was sent away from the hospital, in a very low condition with consumption of the lungs and bowels, and weak action of the heart. The trip across the water to this country seemed to make her feel better for a while. Then she began to get worse, and for 14 weeks she was unable to get off the bed. She grew worse for five months and lost the use of her limbs and lower part of body, and if she sat up in bed had to be propped up with pillows. Physicians

Said She Was Past All Help

and wanted me to send her to the 'Home for Incurables.' But I said as long as I could hold my hand up she should not go. We then began

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

to give her Hood's Sarsaparilla. She is getting strong, walks around, is out doors every day; has no trouble with her throat and no cough, and her heart seems to be all right again. She has a first class appetite. We regard her cure as nothing short of a miracle." W. WYATT, 29 Marion Street, Parkdale, Toronto, Ontario.

Hood's Pills are purely vegetable and perfectly harmless. Sold by all druggists. 25c.

REMOVAL NOTICE.

W. J. STODDART, Watchmaker and Jeweler,

Has Removed to 88 Douglas Street.

Watches cleaned, 75 cts; Best Mainsprings 75 cts; Pivoting Wheels, 75 cts; Staffs and Pinions, $1.25; Clocks Cleaned, 50 cts. Jewelry repaired on short notice, on premises, at very low figures. Practical Watchmaker and Jeweler.

VERNON AND VICINITY.

News of the Week From the Fertile Okanagan Country.

(Vernon News.)

The weather is very mild and all that could be looked for. The ranchers have turned out quite a lot of their stock. There has been no loss among the stock as yet, and are looking well.

The ice on Dog lake and Okanagan has disappeared. Those who did not avail themselves of the opportunity of storing ice will have a poor show now.

Feeding cattle is practically over for this season, and nearly all the stock-raisers have turned their cattle loose on the ranges. Although the winter has been an extremely mild and equitable one, the snow has lain longer than is usually the case, and as a result a considerable amount of feed has been consumed. No losses have been reported, and the stock generally are in fine condition.

Enquiries have been received by parties in town as to the prospects for the establishment of cottage hospital by two trained lady nurses now in Vancouver. As we understand that a favorable reply has been sent, it is probable that such an institution will be started at an early date. There is room for it.

Messrs. Mangott and McEachran, proprietors of the Morning Star mine at Fairview, came in on Tuesday's boat. Mr. Mangott, as is usual on his visits to the city, carried in his hand a large pair of leather saddle-bags, on one side of which might be seen the butt of a formidable looking revolver, while the other contained a gold brick, said to be worth $3,000. The fortunate owners of this fine property have brought up several of the same sort during the last few months. They state that mining operations continue brisk in the camp, and that the "Stem-winder" claim is now taking ore to the mill for treatment.

A. Johnson has been awarded the contract for carrying the mail between Penticton and Oro, Wash. Commencing with the Aberdeen's regular trip yesterday, the southern mails will leave these times a week, on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, and every effort will be made by the postoffice department to a more satisfactory character than it has make the service to the lower country of been in the past.

General News.

London, March 16.—The naval estimates for the year 1894-95 were issued yesterday. The government propose to spend £17,306,100 in the next financial year upon the navy, thus increasing by £3,129,000 the amount used last year. The number of men in the service will be increased by 6,700, including marines. In the coming year seven new battleships of the first-class, six cruisers of the second-class, two sloops and thirty-six torpedo destroyers of a new model are to be laid down. The government's present proposal is described as but part of a complete programme which is to cover the operations of the Admiralty for the next five years.

America Photographed

FROM ALASKA TO ISTHMUS OF PANAMA.

YOU CAN SEE IT ALL FOR 10 CENTS A PORTFOLIO.

WILL YOU TAKE THE TRIP WITH THE TIMES?

There Are Very Few

Canadians who fully realise the beauty and grandeur of the scenery of this continent. The magnificent work, "America Photographed," which we have secured exclusively for Times' readers, portrays by photographic engravings and vivid description the magnificent scenery and the wonderful works of man. Those

Who Stop to Think

Will readily see the scope for artistic effect and the splendid educational advantages of such a work. "America Photographed" covers this great field with splendid photographs and interesting descriptions as no other work has ever done. The views are the perfection of the photographer's camera and the engraver's skill; they embrace everything of importance, that is interesting, scenic and historic in Canada, Alaska, the United States and Mexico. It seems

That in America

The Creator has planned everything on a mighty scale. The Selkirk mountains in British Columbia make the Alps appear insignificant by comparison. The Mississippi and its tributaries make the longest river in the world; the Grand Canyon of the Colorado is the most appalling chasm of the earth, and the Mammoth Cave of Kentucky the largest and strangest cavern. Nature here planned everything on a scale that

Is the Grandest

and most magnificent. Popocatepetl is 17,540 feet high, while the altitude of Mount Blanc is only 15,786. The height of Mount St. Elias is 19,000 feet, and the Matterhorn, Italy, reaches less than 15,000 feet skyward. Every extreme of tropic and frigid is reached. In the natural

Scenery and The

Work of art alike is afforded a rich field for the traveller and the student. To those who follow closely the pages of "America Photographed," as issued by the Times, will be imparted a fund of information in the geography, topography history and resources of North America that can be acquired from no other single work. It will touch alike city, stream, mountain and forest. The almost unnumbered grandeurs of nature and

Most Interesting Works of Man

Will be pictured by photography and talked about by some of the best writers known. As an educator it will be invaluable alike to young and old, yet when its pages bring to view the magnificent engravings triumphs of the photographer's art and the engraver's genius, the acquisition of knowledge will be rendered a pleasure rather than a task.

You Can See It All

If you are a reader of the Times, at a cost which is really nothing, compared with the artistic merit and educational value of "America Photographed." It will consist of twenty series, each series containing sixteen photographs, 11x13 inches. The cost of the entire series is less than the value of one of these photographs. You can get it all

For Only 10 Cents a Week.

Clip one coupon from the Times (printed on 10th page), of any day this week and bring or send them to the Times office, accompanied by 10 cents (12 cents if sent by mail), and you will be given series No. 1 of "America Photographed."

Start with the Opening Number

And secure the whole series. It will be worth a hundred times its cost, and it can be obtained in no other way than through the Times.

No. 1 contains the following photographs 11x13, with descriptions: Sultan Mountain, Baker's Pass, Col.; The Panteon at Guanajuata, Mex.; Devil's Lake, Wis.; Mississippi River near Clinton, Ia.; Williams Canyon, Col.; Mineral Palace at Pueblo; The Castle at Chapultepec, Mex.; The Grand Canyon of the Colorado, double page photograph; Bird's Eye View of Guanajunta, Mex.; Winter Foliage on Luna Island, Niagara River; Cheyenne Canyon, Col.; American Fall, Niagara; Cathedral of Chihuahua, Mex.; Pike's Peak from the Garden of the Gods; A Navajoe Indian.

Remember---10 cents at office; 12 cents by mail.

Nice, New, Nobby SPRING SUITS. New Cut. New Patterns B. Williams & Co., Clothiers and Hatters, 97 Johnson St.

PROVINCIAL LEGISLATURE.

Adoption of Important Amendments to the Municipal Act.

MARCH 16.

AFTER RECESS.

The mineral bill was partly considered in committee, Mr. Grant in the chair. It was referred back to the mining committee.

The house went into committee on the municipal bills introduced by Hon. Mr. Davie and Mr. Grant.

Mr. Keith objected to the increase in the property qualifications for mayor and aldermen in the cities of Victoria and Nanaimo.

Hon. Mr. Turner did not think there was any necessity for raising the qualification. He also thought that there was no necessity for the qualification being above a mortgage.

Hon. Col. Baker moved to strike out the word mortgage.

Mr. Keith moved to strike out the whole clause.

Mr. Brown favored the striking out of the whole clause and amending the old act by striking out the word mortgage.

Mr. Keith's motion was lost and on motion the property qualification for mayor was left at the old figure of $1000.

Mr. Grant moved to strike out the word mortgage wherever it appeared in the section. Hon. Mr. Beaven and Mr. Kitchen considered that if this was done the whole property qualification might as well be struck out. The motion was adopted.

The property qualification of aldermen was brought back to the former amount of $500.

The committee adopted Mr. Grant's clauses referring to qualifications of voters, Hon. Mr. Davie withdrawing his. The only difference in the two was that Hon. Mr. Davie's bill provided that a voter should simply be assessed for property while Mr. Grant's bill provides that they must be registered owners.

Mr. Brown moved an amendment which would give lodgers an opportunity to vote. It was negatived.

Mr. Grant explained that the amendments to sections 40 to 43 provided that names could be added to voters' lists after they had been closed.

Hon. Mr. Davie withdrew the provision in his bill that a municipality could borrow money by either resolution or by-law and in the township municipalities it was left to the option of the council to say whether the ratepayers should lose his vote if he does not pay his taxes by a certain date.

After passing a number of clauses the committee rose, reported progress and asked leave to sit again.

Mr. Croft introduced a bill to amend the fire companies aid act.

The house rose at 6 o'clock.

EVENING SESSION.

Mr. McKenzie moved the suspension of the standing orders to allow the removal of Mr. Hall's name from the Gauvreau expedition committee. This was adopted.

The house again went into committee on the municipal bills. The provision in Hon. Mr. Davie's bill, providing that by-laws, etc., must be published in newspapers published in the districts to which by-laws, etc., referred, if there is a paper published in the district, was voted down.

The clause providing that 7 per cent. should be charged on delinquent taxes could be registered against the property, was struck out.

The date on which taxes should be paid to save the one-sixth rebate was changed from October 31st to December 1st.

A clause was inserted for the exemption of private as well as public hospitals from taxation.

Hon. Mr. Davie moved an amendment to strike out of the general act the clauses providing that those who obtained liquor licenses since 1891 should be made to advertise and apply every six months for a renewal of his license. He did not see any necessity for the distinction between the licenses issued before 1891 and those issued after 1891.

Hon. Mr. Beaven objected to the amendment. This was taking away the few restrictions placed on the issuing of licenses.

Mr. Semlin explained that Hon. Mr. Davie was one of those who insisted that there should be a distinction between the old and the new license holders.

Hon. Mr. Davie's motion was carried by a vote of 13 to 10.

Hon. Mr. Davie moved the following as a new clause: It shall not be lawful in any municipality for any merchant, trader, artificer, mechanic, workman, laborer, or other person whatsoever, on the Lord's Day, commonly called Sunday, to sell or publicly show forth or expose, or offer for sale, or to purchase, any goods, chattels, or any other personal property, or any real estate whatsoever, or to do or exercise any worldly labor, business or work of his ordinary calling (conveying travellers or Her Majesty's mails, by land or by water, or the operation of railways or street railways, the business of hack driver and livery stable keepers, the selling of drugs and medicine, or other works of necessity and works of charity, only excepted). Any person summarily convicted before any justice of the peace of any act herein declared to be not lawful, upon the oath or affirmation of one or more than one credible witness, or upon view had of the offence by the said justice of the peace himself, shall for every such offence be fined in a sum not exceeding fifty dollars, nor less than five dollars, together with the costs and charges attending the proceedings and conviction."

The mover said many people in Victoria and other cities were advocating such a provision. The proprietors of barber shops, for instance, were in favor of it, but could not do it, as one would do it while others would not. When business was carried on on Sunday it was by compulsion, as if a man did not do it his neighbors would, and thus the one closing would be forced out of business. There were certain lines of business that it was necessary to carry on.

Mr. Grant said he could not agree with the amendment as a whole. In mining districts Sunday was often the only day on which a miner could go to town to purchase his provisions. He contended that it was a matter of necessity and convenience to open barber shops on Sunday.

Mr. Brown wanted the resolution to apply to cities working under special acts.

Hon. Mr. Beaven said he thought it would apply to all municipalities.

The amendment was adopted.

Hon. Mr. Davie said he thought that the clause providing that the health officer or reeve of a municipality should say when an inquest is necessary was a dangerous one.

Mr. Kitchen said it would do away with a lot of unneccessary expense. There were cases in which the coroner had to travel many miles, and the municipalities had to pay the expenses and a large fee.

The clause was adopted.

Mr. Grant moved the following as a new clause, at the request of the Victoria council:

Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, it shall and may be lawful for the council of every municipality to make, alter and repeal by-laws for the following purposes, or in relation to matters incident to the purposes hereinafter mentioned:

"For assessing any or all real property directly or indirectly benefited by any main, common or branch sewers or drains constructed, or to be constructed, or for levying and collecting the amounts of such assessments at such times and in such manner as the council may deem advisable. Such assessments may be in the nature of rents, or tax per foot frontage, or otherwise (whether of corner or irregular shaped tracts or otherwise) as may be determined by the council.'

Hon. Mr. Beaven said the clause was superfluous, and might be mischievous.

Mr. Grant said he had the same impression, but a committee of the council, who presented it to him, said the clause was a necessary one to carry out the sewerage system.

Mr. Hunter said the legal adviser of the city told him the clause was a necessary one if the city was to proceed with the sewers. He did not think it would do any harm.

Hon. Mr. Beaven said the clause would give the council power to assess property not directly benefited by the sewer. They had all the necessary power to assess property directly benefited.

The clause was laid over, the committee rising and reporting progress.

The house adjourned at 11.20.

GENERAL DISPATCHES.

News in Brief From Various Parts of the World.

London, March 16.—Several newspapers print this morning a Rome dispatch whose authority says that cardinals Mocenni and Rampolla allowed themselves to be interviewed concerning Mr. Gladstone's resignation. Both are said to have asserted that the Pope had not referred to Mr. Gladstone's retirement from the British cabinet. They agreed, says the correspondent, that Gladstone had never been friendly to the Vatican, and that they were much interested in observing the policy of Lord Rosebery, whom they regarded as rather friendly to the Holy See.

Cape Town, March 16.—Reports have been received from Commissioner Jameson that the chartered Company has learned that King Lobengula sent three messengers to the patrol sent out by Major Forbes on the 3rd of December. These messengers conveyDecember 3. These messengers conveyed a present of £10,000 in gold and a verbal message asking the patrol to stop, as he (Lobengula) would surrender. The king's messengers declared that they handed the gold to two men who wore the uniform of the imperial police, which formed part of the rear guard. From the description of the men, suspicion rests on two of the troopers, Davis and Daniels. They have been arrested. Commissioner Jameson says that he will try to get further information from the natives in regard to the matter, as upon the heads of the men who stole the £10,000 rests the moral guilt for the murder of the Wilson party and the death of King Lobengula.

London, March 17.—The boat race this morning between Oxford and Cambridge from Putney to Mortlake was won by Oxford. Both crews were in perfect condition. Veterans say that they never saw the representatives of the light and dark blue in such excellent trim. These crews have been training on the water since the middle of January. Their practice was delayed at first by boisterous weather, but favorable elements have assisted the daily spins of the last fortnight. The start was made at 9:15 a.m., Oxford winning by three lengths.

Garner and the Gorillas.

The London Chronicle asks Professor Garner why he does not come to his lectures arm-in-arm with a gorilla, missy or mister, it does not matter which. The professor has een lecturing on his African experience in learning monkey lingo and he does not seem to have got any deeper into simian or anthropoid glossology than to convince himself that they do talk and understand a good deal from one another's sounds. But everyone had a suspicion of this before. Canaries, pigeons, fowls, pigs, cattle and dogs all have language comprehensions, each in its own species, and man may imitate many of these sounds and perhaps deceive so as to evoke responses. Garner is said to have furnished no proof that he ever saw a gorilla. He says he lived in the forest within a steel-bar cage, with a looking-glass, a phonograph and a chimpanzee, and he looks back upon the happy time with a yearning from the lecture platform. But he does not make the phonograph talk monkey tongues, although he says a good deal about its marvelous sensativeness that way, and his knowledge of Africa and zoology seems woefully circumscribed. The professor is represented as making the mistake of talking about things and not doing them. There is, in short, an impression that he is a humbug, and there are inquiries where he comes from and what does he "profess."

How to Get a "Sunlight" Picture.

Send 25 "Sunlight" Soap wrappers (wrapper bearing the words "Why does a Woman Look Old Sooner Than a Man?") to Lever Brothers, Limited, 43 Scott street, Toronto, Ont., and you will receive by post a pretty picture, free from advertising and well worth framing. This is an easy way to decorate your home. The soap is the best in the market, and will only cost 1c postage to send in wrappers, if you leave the end open. Write your address carefully.

Rheumatism cured in a day.—South American Rheumatic Cure for Rheumatism and neuralgia radically cures in 1 to 3 days. Its action upon the system is remarkable and mysterious. It removes at once the cause and the disease immediately disappears. The first dose greatly benefits. 75 cents. Sold by Langley & Co.

FROM BIRTH TO DEATH.

Principles of Dissolution in Our Bodies.

Paine's Celery Compound Banishes the Seeds of Disease, and Gives Long Life and Good Health.

GEORGE A. WILTSE.

A great writer has said: "We are born with the principles of dissolution in our frame, which continue to operate from our birth to our death."

A more recent authority—a medical man of long experience—has made the important statement, that "Men and women can quickly dissipate and stamp out every trace of the common ailments which attack them, and add many long years to life, if Paine's Celery Compound is used instead of the ordinary drugs now so freely dispensed to satisfy professional custom."

These principles of dissolution—mortality—death—are seen in thousands with whom we come in contact every day. We meet the dyspeptic, rheumatic, nervous, billious, sleepless and run down on every hand. In such, the germs of mortality are fast expanding and tightening, and will hold them captive unless released by a strong and effective agency.

Mr. George A. Wiltse, of Athens, Ont., whose portrait appears above, was fast becoming a victim to dyspepsia. Knowing what Paine's Celery Compound had done for others similarly tortured and afflicted, he used nature's health-giver, and soon found a complete cure. Mr. Wiltse writes as follows about his case:—

"I want to add my testimony in favor of your valuable remedy, Paine's Celery Compound which I have been taking for over a year for dyspepsia, and severe pains in the neck and back of the head. Your medicine has produced a complete cure in my case, and I have recommended it to several friends who claim they have received great benefit. I can testify, therefore, in all honesty, that your Paine's Celery Compound is a very valuable medicine."

A Man of Resources.

John Matheson, who is about thirty-five years of age, and who came from England several years ago, was arrested in Oroville yesterday by Detective Seymour, and the two are now on their way to this city, says the San Francisco Call. Matheson will be charged with forgery. He is the inventor of a clever scheme to swindle Hellman Brothers, private bankers, out of a considerable sum of money, but his plot was discovered before any money changed hands. About six weeks ago Matheson went to Hellman Brothers' bank, and representing that he was from London, presented a letter of credit, purporting to have been issued by the Bank of British North America, and showing that the holder had on deposit there $15,000. He wished to obtain some money on the strength of the letter, but the bankers suggested that he would have to produce someone who could be responsible for him or else a letter of advice from England. To this Matheson readily assented and went away. About three weeks later, long enough for a letter to reach London and a reply to be returned here, he again presented himself before the Hellmans with a letter of advice confirming the letter of credit. The latter bore the British bank's letter-head, and the envelope was stamped with the London postmark and stamp cancellation mark. As a final precaution the Hellmans communicated with the Bank of British North America, and the latter advised that the home bank be cabled to see if Matheson was all right. The reply was that there was no such person among their patrons, and the case was placed in the hands of Capt. Lees. Matheson had said that he lived at the Russ House, but he could not be found there. Further investigation revealed a clever and well executed series of forgeries. In the first place the letter of credit proved to be a forgery from letter-head to signature, even the printed matter at the head being fraudulent. The letter of advice likewise was a forgery, even to the London postoffice stamps and cancellation marks, which were manufactured by Matheson. While the investigation was being quietly pursued Matheson was out of town. He left word that he was going to Davisville, but he concluded not to visit that town, as learned by the police. A few days ago he sent Hellman Bros. a letter bearing Marysville postmark, directing that his letters be forwarded to Oroville. In the same letter he sent two drafts to be drawn against his letter of credit, and directing that the money be sent to the same place. Detective Seymour went to Oroville with a warrant of arrest, and late yesterday he sent word that he had his man and would leave at once for this city. He will arrive to-day. Capt. Lees states that the man has a previous criminal record. According to the Captain he committed some extensive forgeries in England some years ago under the name of Danera.

Bloody Battles of Europe.

Linear tactics and firelocks contributed more lavishly to the death roll than the skirmishers and breechloaders of modern times, says the Saturday Review. At Blenheim England lost some 23 per cent. and her enemies about the same number. At Mollwitz the Prussians lost 18 per cent. the Austrians 28 per cent. At Kolin Frederick's forces suffered to the extent of 37 per cent., while their victory cost his enemies only 14 per cent. At Zorndorf, the bloodiest battle of which we have any record that we may rely upon, the proportion of loss to the total forces engaged rose to the enormous total of from one-half to one-third. Kunersdorf was almost as destructive to human life, and Frederick lost 35 per cent. against 26 per cent. of the allies. With the advent of Napoleon and the loosened formations of the revolutionary armies, losses were at first diminished, but at Aspern the Austrians left nearly 28 per cent. of their men on the battle field and the French, although the bulletins denied it, are said to have been weaker by one-half after the battle. Borodino, too, deprived the Russians of 36 per cent. and the French of 25 per cent. During the Napoleon wars we find the losses lower, although after Ligny the Prussians were weaker by as many as 5 per cent., and the victory of Waterloo cost England rather more than that proportion. When, however, we turn to the campaigns which succeeded the lull of exhaustion following the downfall of the first empire, we are confronted with no such bloody records, in spite of the invention of percussion caps, rifles, and even rifled cannon. The allies at the Alma only lost some 9 per cent. and the Russians 14 per cent. Inkerman, however, was bloody as Waterloo, but it was a struggle in which tactics played a very small part. The losses at Magenta and Solferino were comparatively slight. Althougg the consequences of Koniggratz were immense, they were cheaply purchased by the victors; while in 1870, notwithstanding that each side were armed with breechloaders, the losses never approached the totals of some of the battles of the early century or of those of the seven years' war. At Worth, it is true, one-sixth of the total forces engaged were either killed or wounded; but at Gravelotte the proportion was only one-eleventh, and at Weissenburg one twelfth.

Burns Wrote Real Poetry.

The Rev. Dr. Stalker, of Glasgow, delivered a lecture on "Robert Burns," under auspices of the Broomknoll Free Church, in the Public Hall, Aidrie, on the 14th inst. Rev. William Reid presided, and there was a large audience. The lecturer said ther had always been a strong feeling to cast over the the character of Burns a veil of charity—(applause)—on the whole, a kindly feeling; but it was quite a different thing when they attempt to prove that the sins of Burns were no sins at all, and that he was to be held up as a model to follow. As a poet, however, Dr. Stalker said that when Burns tried to write poetry, he never wrote prose by mistake. (Laughter.) He should be inclined to call him the most poetic of poets, because poetry was predominant in whatever he wrote—unlike Wordsworth, than whom there was perhaps no poet who lapse more into unexampled prose. No one could ever understand the life and character of Scotland who did not appreciate Burns and those who were true Scotsmen ought to know him by heart. (Applause.)

Discovery of Britain.

In the Geographical Journal Clements R. Markham discusses quite at length the discovery of Great Britain by Pytheas in the year 300 B. C. Pytheas was, it seems, the first of the great explorers. The boats of the day were from 150 to 170 feet in length, with a draft of some 12 feet, of from 400 to 500 tons berden, larger and more seaworthy than the Santa Maria, and could make some 50 miles a day. Pytheas started from the Greek colony at Marseilles and sailed the shores of France and Spain, between the Pillars of Hercules, into the Atlantic; thence coasted up into the English Channel, making an excursion to the German shores. He sailed up the coast of England and Scotland to about 60 degrees north latitude, discovering the Orkney Isles. He took back to his people some knowledge of things in Britain, of their barns, pits for vegetables, houses of wood thatched with straw, and samples of a drink made from honey.

The Farmer's Wife.

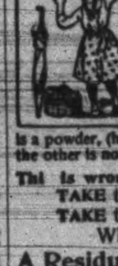
I can see her, a faded, haggard, sallow woman, tired from the weary rising in the dark winter morning, to the crawlings from the unfinished pile of mending to the cold room upstairs at night. Her husband is kind to her; but he has his own work; and her back aches, she is dizzy and faint, and life grows a heavier load on her shoulders every day. She does not consider that her health is part of the home's capital; and she is sure that they cannot afford to hire help, behindhand as they are; they can't afford a doctor (who would ride ten miles and charge $5), but she remembers that she heard one of her friends speak of a patent medicine that helped her last spring, and she will send for the medicine. Or else she writes to the household paper she takes, asking the editor's advice. What pathetic and suggestive things are correspondence columns in these humble journals! How the ineradicable womanly longing to make woman attractive comes out in hints how to make over old gowns with small sleeves into the flamboyant style of the day; how the woman's heart weeps through its thin disguise in those pitiful letters describing lonely lives and love that the strong years conquer, and the daily jar and fret of disillusioned toil, and rest of the dismal story. I seem to see the broken woman, who was a joyous and ambitious girl, tugging ever more wearily at her Sisyphus stone of duties, growing more complaining as strength and heart fail, till the day shall come when the tired mother will not creep down stairs. When the neighbors will watch and nurse by turns, and the doctor who might have helped years ago, will be called in to witness properly the end that he cannot avert.—Octave Thanet in Scribners.

All the elements which nature requires, to make the hair beautiful and abundant, are supplied in Ayer's Hair Vigor. This preparation keeps the scalp free from dandruff, prevents the hair from becoming dry and harsh, and makes it flexible and glossy.

Relief in Six Hours.—Distressing kidney and bladder diseases relieved in six hours by the "New Great South American Kidney Cure." This new remedy is a great surprise and a delight to physicians on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in the bladder, kidneys, back and every part of the urinary passages in male or female. It relieves retention of water and pain in passing it almost immediately. Sold by Langley & Co.

Tobacco is man's most universal luxury; the fragrant aroma of MASTIFF PLUG CUT starts people to pipe-smoking, even those who never used tobacco before.

J. B. PACE TOBACCO CO., Richmond, Va., and Montreal.



A Common Error.

Chocolate & Cocoa are by many supposed to be one and the same, only that one is a powder, (hence more easily cooked,) and the other is not.

This is wrong—

TAKE the Yolk from the Egg,
TAKE the Oil from the Olive,
What is left?

A Residue. So with COCOA.

In comparison,
COCOA is Skimmed Milk,
CHOCOLATE, Pure Cream.

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR CHOCOLAT MENIER. ANNUAL SALES EXCEED 33 MILLION POUNDS.

If he hasn't it on sale, send his name and your address to Menier, Canadian Branch, 12 & 14 St. John Street, Montreal.

SUDDEN CHILLS & COLDS. AT THE COMMENCEMENT OF AN ATTACK TAKE A TEASPOONFUL OF PERRY DAVIS' PAIN-KILLER

NO CURE IS MORE SUDDEN THAN THE CHILL

RUPTURE More CURES have been effected by my Trusses, with perfect ease to wearer, than by all other devices combined. They retain largest Rupture under severest strain. A system of fitting has been perfected the last 25 years, fully equal to personal examination by mail. 27 patents. Ill. book free to overcome DEFORMITY. CHARLES CLUTHE, 134 King St. W., Toronto.

SNOWFLAKE FLOUR

For FAMILY Use IS THE BEST.

Ask Your Grocer for it. Have no other.

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RED CROWN ROLLER MILLS, ALBANY, OREGON.

FARM FOR SALE.

A FARM OF TWO HUNDRED ACRE ON West Saanich road, about eight mile from Victoria. Sixty acres good bottom land orty acres cleared, well ditched and fenced Price $30 per acre; half cash, balance on time Apply to GEORGE LINDSAY, 62 Third street Victoria 1fm29.

W. J. HANNA,
Graduate U. S. College of Embalming
PARLORS, 42 BROAD ST., VICTORIA, B.C.

CHAS. HAYWARD
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Funeral Director and Embalmer.
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THOS. STOREY,
FUNERAL DIRECTOR AND EMBALMER.
Office: 90 Johnson St.

Real Estate.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE for city or suburban property, ranch 320 acres, 14 miles from Calgary, N.W.T.; 2 good roads to property; 265 acres fenced; 30 acres bush; good black soil; Elbow river crosses property; 2 good springs; well settled district; church, school, store, post-office, blacksmith shop, cheese factory, all within 1 and two miles. Price, $2,500.

250 ACRES, THREE-FOURTHS MILE fine water front, good land, partly cleared; good house and stables; splendid locaton for fishing and shooting and boating; low price and good terms, or exchange partly for cash and city property.

80 ACRES, PARTLY CLEARED, WITH house and stable, close to railway station; a good chicken and fruit farm; cheap.

10 ACRE BLOCKS, GOOD LEVEL LAND, close to Saanichton railway station; $1000 and $1500, according to position; very easy terms and low interest to parties buying to improve.

2 LOTS, 50x120 each, good land and close to good stream of water; $300.

THREE LOTS, 60x148 EACH. Splendid position; close to Fowl Bay; good level land; a bargain ($650) or singly $225 each. Postoffice box 361.

A. WILLIAMS,
5 Store Street Opposite Railway Station

"Land Registry Act."

Sections 1 and 2, Quatsino District.

A certificate of Indefeasible Title to the above property will be issued to Andrew B. Forbes on the 24th March, 1894, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to me in writing by some person claiming an estate or interest therein, or some part thereof.

S. Y. WOOTTON,
Deputy Registrar General,
Land Registry Office, Victoria, 19th December, 1893. 321-3m

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that at the next meeting of the Board of License Commissioners of the City of Victoria, I shall apply for a transfer of my interest in the license held by Harrison and McAlister, to sell wines and liquors by retail at 67 and 69 Johnson Street, to William Harrison.

JOHN McALISTER.
Victoria, Feb'y 14th, 1894 -30d

The Board of Licensing Commissioners.

I, the undersigned William Baines, of 100 Fort Street in the City of Victoria, hereby give notice that it is my intention to apply at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners, to be held on Wednesday, the 14th day of March, next, for a license to sell wines, spirits, beer, and other fermented, and intoxicating liquors by retail, in a certain building to be used for Hotel purposes, containing 35 rooms, which said building is known as "The Osborne House," and is situate and built on Lot149 in the City of Victoria, at the corner of Pandora and Blanchard Streets in the said City of Victoria.

Dated the 12th day of February A.D. 1894.
fe12-30t WILLIAM BAINES.

ADVERTISE IN THE WEEKLY TIMES.

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE,
VETERINARY SURGEON,
Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Soc. (Late with Dr. John Wende, V. S., Buffalo, N. Y.) Office at Bray's Livery 109 Johnson Street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 417. VICTORIA, B. C.

ARCHITECTS.

JNO. TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT,
Has removed to new offices corner of Broad Street and Trounce avenue. fe20tf

MUSICAL.

GEO. W. FUGGLE,
PIANOFORTE MAKER AND TUNER.
Three years with Goodwin & Co. Orders left at factory, 76 Princess avenue; also at Jamieson's book store, next postoffice. Violins Mandolins and Guitars repaired. P. O. Box 422.

PIANO TUNING—Jas. Sheridan, room 7, Moody Block, cor. Yates and Broad Sts., under Imperial Photograph Gallery.

SCAVENGERS

PETER HANSEN, CITY SCAVENGER. Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders, and prices reasonable. Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets. Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. Telephone 184.

JULIUS WEST, GENERAL SCAVENGER, successor to John Dougherty. Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to. Residence, 50 Vancouver St.

SOCIETIES.

B. C. ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY.
Meetings are held at 7.30 p.m., on the first Friday in every month, at the Pioneer Hall, Broad Street. The aims of the Society are the bringing together of Englishmen for their mutual benefit and the maintenance of the British Connection. JNO. J. AUSTIN, ja13 Secretary.

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.
The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m., to 4 p.m., for the convenience of Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS
Court Vancouver No. 5755, A.O.F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in Foresters' Hall, Government street. Visiting brothers are invited. fe13 SIDNEY WILSON, Sec.

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE,
No. 1, A. F. & A.M., B.C.R. Regular communications the first Thursday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner of Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. ja18 C. DUBOIS MASON, Secretary.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE
No. 2, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. jy25 A. A. BROWN, Secretary.

COLUMBIA ROYAL ARCH
Chapter, No. 120, G.R.S. Regular convocations held on the first Tuesday of every month, at Chapter Hall, Masonic Temple, Douglas street. Sojourning companions are cordially invited. R. B. SWINERTON, 1-19 Scribe a.

FAR WEST LODGE, No. 1,
Regular convention every Friday evening at Knights of Pythias Hall, Broad street. Sojourning Knights are cordially invited to attend. E. PFERDNER, oc19 K. of R. &S.

ST. ANDREWS & CALEDONIAN
Society meets in their own hall, Blanchard St., on the first Friday in every month. All Scotsmen are invited to join. R. C. SMITH Secretary.

QUEEN'S MARKET,
L. GOODACRE.
Government street, Victoria, B. C., wholesale and retail Butcher. Contractor by appointment to Her Majesty's Naval Navy.

A. & W. WILSON,
PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS
Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B.C. Telephone call 129.

MRS. McGREGOR,
MIDWIFE,
137 Cormorant Street.

PHYSICIANS.

DR. A. C. WEST
Surgeon Dentist,
Office Rooms: 1, 2 & 3, Adelphi Block, Corner Yates and Government Sts., Victoria, B C.
Dr. West calls particular attention to the Chase Metallic Roof Plate, which is the best denture ever devised, and for which he is the sole licensee for B.C. Its points of superiority are—lightness, strength, conductivity, and perfect adaptation, thus giving in all the advantages of an all gold plate with none of its disadvantages, and at a price within the reach of all. To examine a specimen plate will convince at once the truth of the above assertions. All dental work performed carefully and skilfully. Teeth extracted absolutely without pain by the use of a local anaesthetic. my17-d-w

B. VAN VOLKENBURGH,
BUTCHER AND PACKER,
72 Yates street. Oc17

John Mitchell, Market.

FRESH KILLED MUTTON.—
Fore Quarters, 6 1-2 cents per lb.
Hind Quarters, 10 1-2 cents per lb.
Free delivery. fe26-1m

$10 REWARD

Will be given to any person or persons giving such information as will lead to the arrest and conviction of any person or persons injuring or destroying the newly planted shade trees in Beacon Hill Park, or wilfully damaging other Corporation property in said Park.
By order,
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.
City Clerk's Office,
23rd January, 1894. j24

AMUSEMENTS.

Grand Concert

HANDEL'S MESSIAH.

St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church,
THURSDAY, March 22nd, 1894
At 8 p. m.

SOLOISTS:
SOPRANO—Mrs. McCandless, Miss Heathfield, Miss Jameson, Miss Hutcheson.
CONTRALTO ....Mrs. McCrady
TENOR............Mr. J. B. Rushton
BASS............Mr. Clement Rowlands
CHORUS............Over Forty Voices
CONDUCTOR............Mr. G. J. Burnett
ORGANIST............Mr. J. W. Fisher

ST. PATRICK'S DAY.

...SONS OF ERIN GRAND...

Concert

Under the patronage of His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, to be held in Victoria Theatre on

SATURDAY, 17th MARCH, 1894,

Commencing at 8 p. m.

THE SERVICES OF

MR. EVAN-THOMAS,

(Late of the Carl Rosa Opera Company), have been secured, together with the best local talent including the Ladies' String Orchestra.
ADMISSION—Reserved seats, 75c; unreserved seats, 50c; gallery, 25c.
Tickets can be had at Jamieson's book store, or at Messrs. Flint & Prossor's, 18 Broad street. mar12 6t

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—Second baker, able to drive. Address H., Times office. mar15-3t

WANTED—Tailoress; one used to coats. 46 Yates street. mar14-3t

AGENTS make $5 a day. Greatest kitchen utensil ever invented. Retails 25cts. 2 to 6 sold in every house. Sample, postage paid, three cents. FORSHEE & McMAKIN, Cincinnati O.

WANTED—Pushing canvasser of good address. Liberal salary and expenses paid weekly; permanent position. Brown Bros., Co., Nurserymen, Portland, Ore.j6m&w

FOR SALE.

LOT FOR SALE—Cor. South Turner and Niagara streets; 40x112. Apply R. D., Times office. mar3-t f

TO LET

TO LEASE—Ten acres of land adjoining the city boundaries will be leased for a term of years in consideration of the provincial taxes being paid and the land cultivated. Apply Morrow, Holland & Co., 44 Broad street.

ONE OR TWO first-class bedrooms to let at Miss McCandlish's, 63 Superior Street, James Bay. fe19

TO LET—Or for sale, a new house, with 5 acres of land, about three and a half miles from post-office. Apply Alan S. Dumbleton, 51 Langley St. feb7-tf

TO LET OR LEASE—Hotel with 20 rooms and saloon license, bar and bar-fixtures complete; central location. Apply 16 Trounce avenue. j3-tf

LOST OR FOUND.

$10 REWARD—Strayed, on the 11th inst., from the Belmont Farm, Esquimalt District, a collie dog; color: sable, with white chest, white frill round the neck, and white tip to tail. Anyone returning same will receive the above reward. R. Stuart, box 317, Victoria. mar14-6t

MISCELLANEOUS

HOUSE WANTED—Within about half a mile of the Postoffice; 7 or 8 rooms; must be comfortable, with modern conveniences, etc. Address, giving particulars and stating rent expected, to "Visitor," Times office. mar 16-1w

LATEST SYSTEM of Dressmaking still taught and dresses fitted at 98 Yates St. Ladies taught at home. Agents wanted. mar12-1w

LADIES, now is the time to start housecleaning, have your carpets cleaned and laid, mattresses, lounges, etc., repaired at the lowest prices. Apply to W. Smith, care of Erskine, Wall & Co. Orders promptly attended to. fe26-1m

VICTORIA COLLEGE,

BEACON HILL PARK.

(LATE CORRIG COLLEGE.)

The Leading Day and Boarding College for Boys north of San Francisco. Modern and fully equipped college buildings, fronting on the Park and Straits.

First-class Teaching Faculty—British University Graduates. University, Professional, Commercial and Modern Courses.

Reasonable fees. Cricket, football swimming, athletics, etc. For spring term entrance apply

PRINCIPAL J. W CHURCH, M.A.
fe13 s,m,t&w 1y]

A. MAXWELL MUIR,
ARCHITECT,
93½ Douglas Street.

✣ Gilt Edge Hams
✣ And Dried Beef
R. H. JAMESON, - 33 Fort Street.

Land Cleared.

Quick, thorough and cheap; town lots or by acre; standing timber or stumps of any size. All parties having land to clear will find it to their interest to get an estimate upon it, to have the work done by the Grub and Stump Machine. Apply to JOHN A. COATES, 57 King's Road, Victoria. mar15-deod&w1m

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JOHNSTON'S

If you get Fluid Beef without the Johnston you will be sadly disappointed. The only Fluid Beef you can depend on to impart strength is

Johnston's
Fluid Beef

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Sold by all Grocers and Druggists. Prepared by The Johnston Fluid Beef Co., Montreal.

THE DAILY TIMES

Published every afternoon except Sunday, by the

Victoria Times Printing and Publishing Company, Limited;

At No. 37 Yates street, near Government, Victoria, B. C.

SUBSCRIPTION:
Delivered by carrier in any part of the city per week.. ....25 cts
By mail to any part of the world, per year.. .. ..$10.00

THE WEEKLY TIMES

is published every Friday morning, and mailed to any part of Canada, the United States or Great Britain for $2 per annum, paid in advance.

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CONDENSED ADVERTISEMENTS, such as To Let, Wanted, etc., etc., one cent per word per insertion.
NOTICES of Births, Marriages and Deaths free. Deaths with funeral announcements, $1.50.
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Theatrical notices, legal advertisements, political announcements, and all advertisements of a special class, and not included in the above, 10 cents a line first insertion and 5 cents for each subsequent insertion.
Advertisements unaccompanied by specific instructions inserted until ordered out.
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THE TIMES P. & P. COMPANY,
WM. TEMPLEMAN Manager

TO THE SUBSCRIBERS.
When you wish to have your address changed, please give former as well as new address.

JOSEPH SEARS,
Painter, Glazier, Paper Hanger
Dealer in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Brushes, Glass, Etc.
114 Yates Street.

The Daily Times.

MORE LIGHT.

The proposal to improve the electric light plant of the city should commend itself to the ratepayers, and there is good reason to expect a heavy majority for the by-law on Tuesday. If the result is otherwise it can be due only to the apathy or carelessness of many who are in favor of the proposal but find it too troublesome to go to the polls. There are a few facts to be kept in mind which should act as a sufficient spur to the apathetic citizen. The present supply of light for the streets is admittedly insufficient, and the complaints against it are almost continuous. The proposal to be submitted to the vote on Tuesday will double the light at a very small increase of cost. No one is so bold as to deny that some improvement is needed; the only question is, whether the scheme laid down in the by-law is the proper one to adopt. This would seem to be quite decisively answered by the facts we have briefly noted. It must also be borne in mind that the plant now in use is driven to its full capacity in order to supply the inadequate light which the city puts up with. If this is continued for any great length of time the machinery is quite certain to break down, leaving the streets in darkness. Besides, a collapse would be almost sure to result in damage which would balance the increased cost of maintaining the proposed new service for a long time to come. The citizens should remember that the carrying of the by-law on Tuesday will be a measure of real economy. In brief, there are many arguments in favor of the proposal, while so far there have been none of any weight advanced against it.

THE LEGISLATURE.

The provision inserted in the municipal act last evening providing that it shall be unlawful in any municipality for any merchant, trader, artificer, mechanic, workman, laborer, or other person whatsoever, on the Lord's Day, commonly called Sunday, to sell or publicly show forth or expose, or offer for sale, or to purchase, any goods, chattels, or any other personal property, or any real estate whatsoever, or to do or exercise any worldly labor, business or work of his ordinary calling, is calling a great deal of discussion on the streets. The only exceptions to the new rule are carrying Her Majesty's mails, operating railways, driving hacks, keeping a livery stable open, selling drugs or medicine, works of necessity or works of mercy. Some say that this will prevent Sunday morning papers from being issued. It seems queer that the author of the provision, Hon. Mr. Davie should have overlooked the fact that this would affect one or more papers in which he is said to be interested.

There are very few members in the house that take any interest at all in the municipal bill. It took those who are interested in it all their time to keep a quorum in the house during the discussion on the bill. Many of the members do not even know what they are voting on when amendments are proposed to the bill. Last evening when a division was to be taken on the clause to exempt private hospitals from taxation, the bell was rung and half a dozen members responded. After the vote had been taken, Mr. Brown asked those who came in if they knew what they were voting on. Not one could answer, before being prompted. Among them were the president of the council and the provincial secretary. The latter, it is true, said he knew the question was something about hospitals.

Mr. Horne is going to ask the house to refer the consolidated railway and light company's bill back to the private bills committee with power to amend it. The bill as ruled out by Mr. Speaker Higgins on the ground that the notice of application for the bill published in the papers and the petition did not agree with the bill. The promoters of the bill are trying every means to bring the bill back before the house. There is a great deal of opposition to it. It was a plain violation of the rules of the house to put in the bill a provision for more extensive powers for the company than were specified in the petition and the notice. Then it is felt that the interests of certain private persons would be in danger of injury if the bill were to pass in its present shape.

The municipal act was submitted to its annual "chewing" yesterday, some of the amendments being adopted from the two proposed bills, while others were dropped. The Times is glad to note that among the abandoned proposals is one to which it offered strong objections, namely, the raising of the property qualification for mayor and aldermen in Victoria. To fix the qualification in Victoria at four times that prescribed for Nanaimo and twice that named for all cities to be incorporated in the future was so fatuous a proposition that we wonder at its being inserted in any bill. Nor is there much more to be said in favor of raising the householder voter's qualification in Victoria from $60 to $120 a year. In the name of common sense, what wrong has been caused by the lower qualification during all the years it has been in force, that there should now be any reason for restriction? The restriction comes, too, at a time when rents are falling, so that it will have double force. We trust the house will have sense enough to remove this unjust amendment, which appears to be intended as a sort of counterpoise to the liberalism of other amendments. We trust, further, that Mr. Brown's proposal to give lodgers the franchise will be favorably re-considered, for it would do only justice to a class who now pay substantial taxes without the privilege of voting. The house did well in removing some of the useless and irritating disabilities which were so much complained of, and we should like to see it go further in the same direction instead of prescribing other disabilities as a sort of countercheck.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

Says an Ottawa dispatch:—"Controllers Wallace and Wood are now sitting at cabinet meetings while the tariff is under discussion. Coming events cast their shadows before, and it is said that before long both controllers will be made full-fledged ministers of the crown. Then Solicitor-General Curran, who has so far done nothing to earn his salary, will want to have a seat at the council board. This would entail an extra expenditure of $6,000 and would mean three more ministers in the Thompson government than ever before. The premier's experience now is that he has too many around him from the way they quarrel."

The Colonist and the Telegram whine like whipped children over the condemnation of their nastiness in connection with the Wellington outrage. They plead that should not be held responsible because their mean insinuations did not appear in their editorial columns, but that babyish plea will hardly commend itself to grown men.

The Liberal government of Nova Scotia has been sustained by the very substantial majority of 15 in a house of 38. This is a very decisive victory, though there is a decrease of three from its majority in the last house, for it was not to be expected that the old proportion of 28 to 10 would be kept up. The government's losses occurred chiefly in Cape Breton island and Pictou district, the coal region, but whether that circumstance arose from the much-discussed Whitney coal deal does not so far appear. Two prominent opponents of the government fell, Mr. Cahan, the leader, and Mr. Webster, his lieutenant. Premier Fielding is to be congratulated on this his third victory as premier of Nova Scotia. There have been rumors of his leaving the provincial arena to enter the wider Dominion field. It is safe to say that if he does make the change his abilities will secure him a high place in the country's councils.

MR. MUNSIE OBJECTS.

To the Editor:—An item appeared in the Times of last evening referring to the passage of the schooner "City of San Diego" which you will please allow me to contradict. I received a letter by the Empress on Tuesday last informing me of the schooner's safe arrival at Yokohama in 50 days, but in no way referring to the passage of other vessels.

WM. MUNSIE.

Diabolical Intelligence.

How very uncertain the docility of an elephant may be, and how revenge may be substituted for that quality, was illustrated by an event that is fresh in my mind. A mahout tried to drive his elephant into the centre of a newly excavated tank. The elephant found out with his trunk that a hole of some depths was just before it and would not move. The mahout persisted, and urged the recalcitrant elephant with the iron goad (the gujbag), and, after a short conflict, the elephant seized the mahout with its trunk, dragged him off his seat on its neck, and, placing him below its forefeet, and trampled the life out of him.

This animal had some reason for being annoyed by its driver, but there is nothing to be said in extenuation of another elephant, apropos of nothing, tossed me with its tusk. I was feeding that brute in the eventide, when the day's work was done and this toiler, with others, had to be tended and encouraged. I was feeding it with delicacies dear to the elephantine palate, and, without rhyme or reason, that docile and intelligent creature butted me into the air, no doubt with a benevolent intention of impaling me that was frustrated by my offering no resistance to the tusk and by the bluntness of that weapon.—Blackwood's Magazine.

THE PROPOSED AMENDED GAME PROTECTION ACT.

To the Editor: I heartily agree with Mr. Martin's game act so far as it relates to the protection of grouse, prairie chicken, wild duck, deer, cariboo, wapiti, moose, reindeer, mountain goat and mountain sheep, before September 1st.

The surprise of this act comes by reading lower down as follows: "Provided also that it shall be lawful to export the skins of deer lawfully killed, in the district of Cassiar, but such skins may only be exported after the shipper has made an affidavit before a justice of the peace that the said skins are the product of the Cassiar district."

Now, Mr. Editor, I take issue at once upon the proposition to single out any district in the province to grant the privilege for the exportation of deerskins or any other product of the province. What a monstrous proposition! A merchant on Government street may buy as many deerskins as he likes, but may not export them except under a heavy penalty, whilst his competitor on Yates street may equally buy deerskins and have the privilege of exporting them. It is not far to see who would have the sole monopoly of the trade. The exporter could pay more; in fact, the non-exporter could not be in the field for this trade. I should further like to know by what method the Cassiar trader could localize the killing of the deer in his district. Would he insist upon "Lo, the Poor Indian," and still poorer white hunter making a declaration before a justice of the peace under oath that these skins are killed within the privileged Cassiar district before he could buy them?

My friend, Mr. Martin, the introducer of the act, no doubt will be surprised when I state that a few days ago there appeared an item in the Victoria papers that owing to a heavy fall of snow in this favored district the deer were driven out of the mountains, and the Indians killed hundreds for the skins alone. Further, I know for a fact some years ago at Comox a heavy fall of snow drove the deer down to the sea beach and the Indians at night clubbed hundreds for the skins alone. Surely this monopoly for the export of deerskins cannot be based upon the ground of humanity when the facts are stated as above. The white man's pet, the Indian, and the white hunter have made no complaint as to the scarcity of deer for food. Is it not a direct monopoly against the trade for the skins alone? The law has decided over and over again and recognizes property in possession of all wild animals, and that being the case, why is any one excluded from dealing with his own as he likes? I am certain that the trade is willing to accept an act giving full protection to all during the prescribed season for the free and equal purchase of deerskins, and free exports during the period when it is lawful to kill deer. I would suggest as the best remedy that after the closed season for killing deer and selling skins that a period of thirty days should be allowed to the dealers to export the skins, and that after this period a penalty of one dollar for every skin found in the possession of any dealer, including the Indian and white hunter, should be imposed. I do not wish to restrict the killing of deer by the Indians and settlers, if for the purpose of food, but insist upon the deerskin either being dressed or destroyed during the prescribed period.

The present law is a farce. The deerskins have been exported under the very eyes of the law, and the amending act as it stands is a hardship, conferring a monopoly upon a certain district.

I think that the fur traders who have succeeded in making the province of British Columbia the fur market of the Pacific coast are entitled to some consideration before an act is passed working solely in the interests of a monopoly. In 1872 two small schooners started on this coast the sealing industry, which has now grown to such a magnitude that two of the greatest powers have interested themselves in its continuation. Could this have been established if by an act of parliament the taking of the seals had been localized and then the killing of the seal and the exportation of the skins had been confined to a favored few? I trust that the government, the government supporters and the opposition will assist in passing a fair and equitable act.

J. BOSCOWITZ.

Victoria, B.C., March 17, 1894.

MORE LIGHT WANTED.

To the Editor: It is to be hoped that the by-law placed before the ratepayers with the unanimous approval of the city council will in turn receive the unanimous endorsement of the ratepayers on Tuesday next. There is nothing contributes more to the comfort and prosperity of the community than well lighted streets. Nothing is better for business people than to have their thoroughfares well illuminated in the evenings. If a stranger is in town and the streets are bright and cheerful looking he will walk around, investigate, and likely purchase. If the streets are dark and dingy he will remain in his hotel. He does not care to take chances in a dark street in a strange city. A good light, too, is often better than a poor policeman, because it is awake all night, never needs to take a drink, and it sticks to business. Without doubt Victoria is one of the worst lighted cities on the coast, notwithstanding that the citizens pay the cost of a good service. If the by-law passes there is little doubt but the work of putting in a new plant will be well handled, but I would like to suggest that our public market receive some attention in this direction. More light is needed around there. In addition to this, none who has seen the outside residential portions of the city will deny that there is too much darkness there, that safety and convenience demand some improvement before the long nights of another winter.

BUSINESS.

THE BANK FAILURE.

To the Editor: As I am one of the sufferers of the late bank failure, I would like to ask the assignees through the Times when they intend to make a statement? I was given to believe that a statement would have been made before this. I think it is due to the creditors that they should be called together without unnecessary delay.

A SUFFERER.

(This being Saturday, the assignees were not in the bank to give the information asked for. It is understood that the affairs of the bank are being thoroughly gone into, and that a statement will be ready before long. Necessarily a good deal of time is required to do the work. The assignees are fully alive to the importance of the duty they have to perform, and may be depended upon to make a full and complete statement at the earliest moment possible.—Ed. Times)

CANADIAN NEWS.

The News of Eastern Canada in Short Paragraphs.

A cablegram received at Winnipeg says: A decision was given by the judicial committee of the privy council to-day in the Winnipeg street railway case. The decision is favorable to the electric railway on all points.

The jury was unable to agree in the Chamberlain perjury and personation case at Winnipeg and were dismissed and a new jury was empanelled to try the case, which occupied the court all day. The second jury returned a verdict of guilty. They made a strong recommendation for mercy. Sentence was deferred.

The Patrons of Industry of East Assiniboia have nominated J. M. Douglas, of Moosomin, as a candidate for the commons.

The customs officers at Montreal have made the seizure of a consignment of corsets in the hands of Perrin Freres & Co., on Victoria square. The corsets belonged to Newnham & Co., of New Haven, Conn., and were valued at about $2,000.

An exciting time was experienced by the residents of Chambly Basin the other day, when the ice shove occurred in the Richelieu river. From St. Therese island down to the fort the ice came crushing into the hold of the historic fort and neighboring island dams. The water rose twenty feet above the summer level. Considerable damage was done to a portion of the old fort, which was torn down, and the waters overran the military ground. The ice was piled fifteen feet high on the banks of the river; groves of trees were swept away and all mills along the river are stopped. Boat houses were swept away and two stone piers of the Vermont Central railway bridge were destroyed. No loss of life is reported.

A serious outbreak of tuberculosis is reported from Chesterfield, Ont. Miller's herd is affected, and already two heifers have been slaughtered and four others are said to be affected.

It is said that the fissure at Cape Diamond, Quebec, which produced such a disastrous landslide on September 19, 1889, is greatly enlarged, and that another lamentable accident may happen at any moment if prompt precautionary measures are not taken.

A prominent Ontario politician says there is quite a split in the Liberal ranks in Toronto over the details of the Ontario redistribution bill. Some of the old heads, notably Joe Tait, M. P. P., desire four members given to Toronto and the system of cumulative voting introduced, as a result of which, Tait thinks, the Liberals will be sure of two seats by only running two men and giving two votes to each. The Young Liberals, however, desire single member constituencies and a fair fight in each. Their differences of opinion are keeping the measure back.

The Patrons of Industry lodge at Oakwood, in Mariposa, made up of Reformers and Conservatives, having seen a copy of the resolution passed lately in the grand lodge of the Patrons at Toronto, unanimously rebelled and declared themselves opposed to any tyranny. The funds on hand were applied to a supper, after which the lodge disbanded, the members resolutely maintaining their right to be freemen. The offending resolution forbids Patrons from taking an active part in the election of Reform or Conservative candidates.

Thomas W. Barnett, of Toronto, of the firm of Lugsdin & Barnett, saddlers and harness makers, and for 28 years a well known resident of that city, died from heart failure. He was in his 58th year.

Dr. Boyle, one of the oldest and most prominent residents of Bowmanville, is dead. He leaves no family, his wife having died some years ago.

An Explosive Hog.

To the Editor of the Star: A remarkable case of hog explosion occurred on my farm in Pelham last night. I had been using dynamite for the purpose of blowing several old stumps out of the ground. The dynamite was mixed with sawdust and gave out a very pleasant odor, which attracted the attention of two of my hogs feeling in the vicinity. The stuff when eaten by the hogs created, it would seem, a peculiar sensation, which annoyed one of them to such an extent that it entered the stable and began rubbing its side against a post at the mouth of a mule's stall. The mule, annoyed at the intrusion, gave the hog a terrible kick in the side. A tremendous explosion followed, and after the smoke and dust had cleared away I ran over and found my hog in detached pieces, while an enormous hole marked the place where it had stood. The mule received a tremendous shock, but was still active and full of life. The other hog is still running at large, to the terror of the entire neighborhood. Can any of your readers account for this extraordinary explosion, and what am I to do with the other hog? Yours truly, David Jackson.—St. Catherines Star.

The marvellous success of Hood's Sarsaparilla is based upon the corner stone of absolute merit. Take Hood's throughout the spring months.

Oranges and Diet.

The cheapness and plentiful supply of oranges at the moment accentuates the need for their use. Every housekeeper should see that they are a part of the menu of at least one meal every day. They are better than any sort of drug tonic which the coming of spring suggests to many persons, and will do away with the necessity for such a thing.

It should be understood, however, that the only rational and healthful way to eat oranges is to cut them across the grain and scoop out the juice and fine pulp. The tough fibre is not good, is harmful indeed, to many digestions. It is the eating of this which makes some mothers curtail their children's allowance of oranges, and these and other mothers complain that children won't eat them the proper way.

Two or three oranges at breakfast to the man or woman who is convinced that coffee hurts her or him will be found one of the most reliable and satisfactory substitutes for that drink. They quench the thirst which craves the coffee, and seem also to afford in some a relief to the lassitude which seeks the stimulant of Mocha to counteract it.

A pleasant variation to the simple orange jelly made from half a box of gelatine, six or eight tart oranges, sugar and boiling water, is to slice two bananas and put into the mould before the liquid jelly is poured in. If a saucer full of fresh pineapple is left from to-day's dessert, that will be an agreeable addition to the bananas for to-morrow's jelly. Or these two fruits may be left out and a half a dozen each of dates and figs chopped up and used instead. Served with whipped cream, either of these combinations take on quite a "company dessert" effect.—New York Times.

Hall's Hair Renewer cures dandruff and scalp affections; also all cases of baldness where the glands which feed the roots of the hair are not closed up.

Elegant Toilet Soaps

HELIOTROPE OATMEAL

25c. a cake; 50c a box (3 cakes) See our window.

Cochrane & Munn, Druggists,
Cor. Yates and Douglas Sts.

BRIEF LOCALS.

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

—Christy bread knives at Fox's. Easy cutting and no crumbs.

—Guaranteed razors and outfits at Fox's, 78 Government street.

—Millinery opening Saturday, March 17th, with all the newest and latest novelties of the day at Stevens & Jenkins, 111 Douglas street.

—Have you decided to put new paper on your walls this spring? If so, don't forget to see the immense stock at Weiler's.

—You must consider the health of the children, then have your walls covered with the non-poisonous papers obtainable at Weiler Bros.

—There was a very good programme given by the Sir William Wallace society last evening, and those who attended the weekly social heartily enjoyed it.

—A letter from Port Wellington, British Guiana, brings word that at the time of writing H. Roy, who went there from Metchosin a few months ago, was dangerously ill.

It is easily understood why Weiler Bros., keep up their reputation, for they meet the demand of the public in supplying the very latest and best in their great variety stock.

—R. Dunsmuir & Sons have offered a reward of $1,000 for information that will lead to the arrest and conviction of the Wellington dynamiters. The total reward is now $2,000. The provincial police are quietly working on the case.

—On Tuesday evening Rev. Mr. Morden, pastor of the Methodist church, Victoria West, was united in marriage to Mrs. Miller. Rev. Mr. Cleaver tied the nuptial knot. The happy couple have gone housekeeping on Henry street.

—To prevent mistakes the Paragon Oil company have decided to supply Paragon oil only in the Paragon can. This oil took first prize at the World's fair. The second prize oil, namely Pratt's oil, will be supplied in the square can bearing government seal.

—The mass meeting in Temperance hall this evening in the interests of the naval sailors' rest at Esquimalt should be largely attended. Bishop Perrin, Bishop Cridge, Canon Paddon and Rev. J. Hall are to speak and Mayor Teague is to be chairman.

—Low Sunday, which precedes Easter by a week, will be specially observed at St. John's church. All the Sunday school children of the Church of England will congregate in the church early in the afternoon and Bishop Perrin will address them. The gathering will be under the direction of Canon Beanlands.

—There was another large congregation at the First Presbyterian church last night to hear Evangelists Webb and Reid. The singing was a very pleasant feature and added to the interest aroused by the speeches. There will be no meeting to-night, but there will be a meeting every night next week.

—The saloon passengers for the South Seas on the steamship Warrimoo, which sailed at 5.30 o'clock last evening, were: Dr. Bodkins, S. Davis, San Francisco; S. M. Falk, Sydney; Mr. and Mrs. Frisch and child, Seattle; J. A. Offerd, London; Mr. and Mrs. Wellesley, A. Parker and child, New York; A. Sheldon, Sydney; F. Sheldon, New York; J. G. Smith, St. Louis.

—Late militia appointments are the following: Victoria corps, N. P. Snowden to be major in command of No. 3 company; mainland corps, to be captain, Charles Arthur Worsnop; to be lieutenants, provisionally, Lacey Robert Johnson and Frank Washington Boultbee; to be second lieutenants, provisionally, Chas. Robert Townley, James William McColl, Henry Clarkson Major, John Stillwell Clute, Charles Gardner Johnson.

—James William Bland, a native of London, England, aged 65 years, died early this morning at the family residence in Victoria West. The deceased came to Victoria in 1859 and in 1860 opened a hotel at Esquimalt. He afterwards built the Halfway House where he continued in business until a few years ago. He was for many years in the royal navy, serving in the Kaffir war. Six sons, all grown up, and one daughter, Mrs. P. R. Smith, survive him. Due notice will be given of the funeral.

—Before many years elapse another transcontinental line will reach the Pacific coast. A contract has been let for the construction of the line from its present terminus at Sheridan, Wyoming, to Billings, Montana, where it will cross the Northern Pacific, going in a northwesterly direction to Helena. As part of the line has been built westward from Helena but a short gap will remain to be built. Helena is almost due south of the eastern line of Alberta, so it will be seen that the Burlington line is about two-thirds completed.

—A request is made for contributions of reading matter for the Jubilee hospital.

—J. H. Falconer shipped 110 cases of goods to Suva and Sydney on the Warrimoo.

—There is a special meeting of the Y. W. C. T. U. being held in Temperance hall to-night.

—A large assortment of goods at half price, by order of the assignees, at Johnston & Co., book store.

—A meeting of the board of school trustees will be held in the police chambers, city hall, on Monday evening.

—The Courtney News says: The Victoria Times issued a pictorial supplement last week that was a credit to journalism.

—Chief Deasy and his men to-day tested 1000 feet of hose recently purchased by the city. It was tried up to the usual limit and found strong in every particular.

—There was only one case in police court this morning, that of Gustave Engles, charged with having been found drunk. He was convicted and fined $5 by Magistrate Mairae.

—No remedy has ever before, in so short a time, sprung into such universal favor and demand as Atwood's cough cure, which undoubtedly has no equal. For sale by all medicine dealers.

—The funeral of the late Peter McDonald took place this morning. Services were conducted at the Roman Catholic cathedral by Rev. Father Laterme. The pallbearers were T. J. Burnes, M. McTiernon, J. Leahy, P. Everett, M. Kane and B. McGuire.

—The sealing schooner Minnie was sold this morning by the marshal of the admiralty court, Sheriff McMillan. She was knocked down to Captain Victor Jacobsen for $650. The sale is subject to the approval of the court. The Minnie was seized for an infraction of the Russian treaty.

—A grand concert will be held in Fairall's Hall, Victoria West, on the evening of Tuesday, March 20th, under the auspices of the Methodist church. Some of the most popular performers in the city have consented to take part in the programme. Mayor Teague has kindly consented to occupy the chair. A most enjoyable evening is in store for all who are privileged to attend.

—Another case of robbery is reported from the James Bay district. A few days ago E. J. Salmon purchased the contents of a residence, and locked the place up for the night intending to remove the contents the following day. On returning he found that parts of two sets of dishes and a number of articles of considerable value had been stolen. The police have the matter in hand, but so far have not accomplished anything.

—Frank Wardell, an old time theatrical man, died at the Queen's hotel last night after a long illness. A little circumstance surrounding his passing away is very pathetic. His wife, who had been a constant attendant at his bedside for some time, fell asleep in a chair and when an early caller aroused her this morning she found her husband dead. The poor woman is overcome with grief. Mr. Wardell was a native of Michigan and about 40 years of age. His specialty in the theatres was a really wonderful fire performance. It is believed that the fumes of the burning lead, wax and sulphur with which he performed affected his lungs and led to consumption from which he died. The deceased also had a number of trained dogs with which he accomplished remarkable things. His control of a dog or a horse was a subject of comment by all who knew him. The deceased was a members of the Elks, under whose auspices the funeral will be held.

NANAIMO NOTES.

Fun at Alberni—Tough on the Young Bridegroom.

(Daily Free Press.)

Snow still blocks the Alberni road in the neighborhood of the mountain.

The opening of Mathew Ward's new hotel, the "Arlington," at Alberni, was celebrated on Wednesday evening by a grand dance, at which, it is calculated, over 150 couples were present. Music was supplied by a string band and the dancing lasted until daylight yesterday morning. Mr. Ward provided a splendid supper.

A prospective bride and bridegroom passed a very unpleasant fifteen minutes on the southbound train yesterday morning. The young couple were sitting together entirely taken up with each other's society, when their bliss was dissipated by the shrill voice of an irate woman who loudly demanded of the bridegroom to be what he was doing with the girl? and did he intend murdering the poor thing as he had threatened to make away with her? The expostulations and appeals of the unfortunate youth were utterly disregarded by the new comer, who did not let up until she had informed every one on the car that she had first claim on her unhappy victim's affections, but that he was a good for nothing fellow and not worthy her consideration. The other girl's feelings can more easily be imagined than described.

It is probable that a lecture will be delivered in one of the halls of this city by W. Marchant, under the auspices of the Liberal Association, on "Oliver Cromwell, the uncrowned king." This lecture has been delivered before in the province by Mr. Marchant and has been received with marked approval.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair.

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.

The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia; No Alum.
Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

THE LIBERALS.

Social Last Night—Interesting Discussion on Political Questions.

The social meeting of the Liberal Association last night in Philharmonic Hall was highly successful, although the members did not turn out in full force. In the absence of President Milne the chair was occupied by W. Templeman. Mr. Dutton spoke on the Liberal platform as promulgated by the Ottawa convention, particularly emphasizing the necessity for a complete exposition of the policy of the party with a view to educating the people on the real questions at issue between the Liberals and the Conservatives. D. Murphy, a young British Columbia, who has recently returned from an Ontario college, gave an eloquent address on the mission of the Liberal party, during which he drew a striking contrast between the principles actuating the two political parties, emphasizing particularly the disastrous results of that great national fraud, the N. P. W. G. Cameron took for his text the memorial presented to the two Ottawa ministers by the Winnipeg board of trade and applying it to British Columbia, showed how the people of this province were being robbed under the pretence that a revenue had to be raised. Mr. Howell spoke on organisation and the best method to conduct meetings of the association. Messrs. Munn, Bragg, Burns, Ross and others also participated in the debates. Messrs. Bragg, Dutton and Moir contributed songs between the speeches. Cigars were provided by the association. A committee was appointed to prepare bylaws and a constitution to be submitted at next meeting, which will be held on Friday, 30th instant, in the same place.

THE MONEY IS PAID.

Shareholders Receive Their Money for the Post Office Site.

The Dominion government have paid for the new postoffice and custom house site on Government street. The money, $75,000 arrived from Ottawa a few days ago and was handed over to the shareholders of the Canada Western Hotel Company, the former owners of the site. It is understood, not from an official source, that the government will immediately arrange for the commencement of work on the new building.

The site upon which the building is to be erected was purchased a number of years ago with the intention of erecting a large hotel. The excavation for the cellar was made in the solid rock at immense expense, but work on the hotel was stopped and shortly afterwards the Dominion government opened negotiations for the purchase of the property.

It, however, was thought that it would be some years before anything was done. The fact that they are now moving in the matter was no doubt brought about by a visit to this city last year of Messrs. Foster and Angus. Those gentlemen besides seeing the necessity for better accommodation for the government offices, also found that their policy was not in much favor in Victoria.

Law Intelligence.

Mr. Justice Drake in the supreme court chambers this morning disposed of the following applications:

Andrews v. Hammond et al.—Crease (Bodwell & Irving), for the defendants, applied to have the action dismissed for want of prosecution. Prior (Eberts & Taylor) contra. Order made that plaintiff give notice of trial within two weeks.

Galena Trading Co. v. Carpenter.—Schultz, for the plaintiffs, applied under order xiv. for final judgment. Barnard contra. Order made.

Johnston v. McCallum.—Davie, Q.C., for the defendant, obtained an order for an account.

SOCIETIES.

Acme lodge, No. 14, I. O. O. F., held their regular meeting last Monday evening at Castle Hall, Broad street. One candidate was initiated into and made a member of the order also one brother was instructed in the secrets of the third degree. Under the head of the good of the order several interesting addresses were given. Next Monday evening there will be work in the first degree, when a full attendance is requested. Visiting brothers cordially welcome.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

The charity ball, held recently by the Knights of Pythias, netted the sum of $230. The money will be handed over to the B. C. Benevolent Society.

Far West lodge, No. 1, met on Friday evening. Chancellor Commander P. J. Hall presided. Three members were reported on the sick list.

A monthly paper, the Pythian Sentinel, will be published shortly.

W. W. Blackwell, supreme chancellor of the Knights of Pythias of the world, will visit Victoria on the 6th of June next. The Grand lodge of British Columbia will convene on that date in Pythian Hall, Broad street. The supreme chancellor will address the grand lodge officers and representatives and it is the intention of the knights throughout the province to make the visit of the supreme chancellor as pleasant as possible.

A meeting of the local representatives to the grand lodge was held last evening in Pythian Hall. Col. H. V. W. Behnsen occupied the chair. Communications from Supreme Chancellor Blackwell and Grand Chancellor Anstie were read and preliminary arrangements were made for the reception of the supreme chancellor. The representatives elected the following officers Colonel Behnsen, chairman; Past Chancellor Leeson, vice-chairman; Past Chancellor Russell, treasurer; Past Chancellor Deasy, secretary.

Marine

The steamer Garland arrived in from Port Angeles and Port Townsend at 3:30 o'clock this afternoon. She brought a number of passengers.

The bark Gutenberg has finished discharging cargo and has received her ballast.

The United States lighthouse tender Columbine, Captain Richardson, is in the harbor.

The steamer Premier left Vancouver on time to-day.

We Want You

To see our $6, $8, and $10 men's tweed suits and our boy's $1, $1.50, and $2 suits. Russell & McDonald's clearing out sale of clothing, opposite the Iron church, Douglas street.

The Arawa Coming.

Sydney, N. S. W., March 17.—The Canadian-Australian steamship Arawa sailed from here for Victoria to-day, Saturday, March 17th.

A-DOZEN-BABIES —For $4.—

Cabinet Size and Best Finish at
SHENE LOWE'S,
Government Street.

THE CHURCHES.

(Announcements under this head are free. To ensure insertion the copy must be received before 3 p. m. on Saturday.)

Methodist Church, Victoria West—Rev. G. H. Morden, pastor—Services: morning, S. M. Okell; evening, the pastor. A missionary sermon will be preached at the evening service.

St. Saviour's Church, Victoria West—Rev. Canon Beanlands preaches at 11 a. m. Evensong at 7 p. m. W. D. Barber, preacher.

Central Presbyterian Church—Rev. P. McF. McLeod, pastor. Usual services, morning and evening.

St. Marks—Palm Sunday. 8 a. m., holy eucharist; 11 a. m., matins, ante-communion service and sermon by the lord bishop of the diocese; 3 p. m., Sunday school; 3:45 p. m., children's service; 4:15 p. m., men's Bible class; 7 p.m., evensong and sermon by Rev. W. H. P. Arden.

Services during Holy Week as follows: Holy Monday, Holy Tuesday, Holy Wednesday, and Maunday Thursday. Holy eucharist at 8 a. m., matins at 9:3 a. m., and evensong at 8 p. m., with address by the Rev. Canon Beanlands, C. E. Sharp and G. W. Taylor, respectively, the evening of Maunday Thursday being devoted to a preparation for the Easter eucharists. Notices for Good Friday will be given later in the week.

Emmanuel Baptist Church—Services at 11 a. m. and 7 p.m. The pastor, Rev. P. H. McEwen, will preach. Morning subject: "Refuge;" evening song service, songs of the seas; subject: "A storm at Sea."

Calvary Baptist Church—The pastor, Rev. Thos. Baldwin, will preach morning and evening. Morning subject: "In Three Stages." Evening subject: "The Demon's Question."

Metropolitan Methodist Church, Pandora avenue—Services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m., conducted by the pastor, Rev. S. Cleaver, M.A. Evening subject: "Pharoah Humbled before Moses, or Egypt Plagued." Sunday school, adults' class, at 2:3 p.m.

First Presbyterian Church—Special prayer meeting at 10:30; service at 11 a.m., sermon by Rev. H. A. Webb; 7 p.m., special evangelistic service conducted by the evangelists Webb and Reid. Sermon: "Christ is All." Also, evangelistic services during the week at 8 o'clock. Prayer meeting and Bible reading every afternoon at 3 o'clock.

PERSONAL.

O. Evan-Thomas and family are at the Driard.

Dr. Lewis Tallman, of Chicago, and E. H. Rowalsky, of San Francisco, are among the guests at the Driard.

Miss Bloomingdale and Miss Leiser leave for San Francisco to-morrow.

Rev. Father J. A. Van Nevel is again confined to a room in St. Joseph's hospital.

Alexander Sproat, recorder at New Denver, arrived from the Sound and is stopping at the Clarence Hotel.

J. A. Tepoorten left last night on a business trip to the interior of the Mainland, and will be away about four weeks.

Henry W. Sheppard is not, according to a private letter received from him from Los Angeles, improved any in health.

Miss McAdams is coming from San Francisco to take charge of the ladies' tailoring department for Stewart & Co., who are opening an establishment on Fort street.

Argyle House

YOU

Ought to call and get a pair of our Black Seamless

Stockings.

OUR

White Satin Striped

Muslins

At 10c. a yard, are the best value in the market this season.

Embroideries

from 3c. a yard.

Unbleached Apron and Pinafore Linen, 10c. a yard.

J. Horner & Co.

Mantle and Millinery OPENING

THURSDAY, FRIDAY AND SATURDAY,
March 15th, 16th and 17th.

OUR STOCK of Mantles and Millinery having arrived, we take pleasure in inviting you to inspect them. The styles and designs are all new and very pretty.

MILLINERY DEPARTMENT—The latest styles in French, English and American Pattern Hats, Toques and Bonnets. A great variety of Ribbons, Flowers and Ornaments. Latest novelties in Trimmings.

MANTLE DEPARTMENT—In this department we are showing some very stylish Jackets and Capes, very latest styles to be had. The capes for this season are very pretty and stylish.

A very nice line of Children's Reefers.
A nice selection of Blouses; new styles.
The New Serpentine Waist.
The New Habite Shirt.

MANCHESTER HOUSE,
88 Yates Street.

It is not Sawdust

We use in making INDURATED FIBRE WARE. Some people think it is, but they are mistaken. We use nothing but the longest and strongest Wood Fibre, pressed into shape without seam or joint of any kind, and Indurate it by a patent process which renders it impervious to heat, cold and liquids. INDURATED FIBRE WARE imparts no taste or smell to its contents, and is the lightest, tightest, sweetest and most durable ware ever made.

Ask for EDDY'S

Place a Cake

OF BABY'S OWN SOAP

In your linen drawer and it will impart to your clothes the delicate aroma of fine French Pot Pourri in a modified degree.

The longer you keep the soap before using it the better.

Beware of Imitations.

The Albert Toilet Soap Co., Montreal, Sole Manufactuers.

WHOLESALE PRICES

DIRECT TO PURCHASERS.

They are THE BEST Ever Offered

You will save fifty per cent. by sending for them. Why not deal direct and get the Best Stock at Best Prices and in Best Condition?

PRAIRIE QUEEN NURSERY, HENRY W. ASH, Prop., West Union, Iowa.

COUPON.

America Photographed.

PART 1.

Bring or send this Coupon with 10c. to the Times office and Part 1 of "America Photographed" will be handed to you. If sent by mail 2 cents extra will be required for postage.

Cut out now and present before the end of next week as this coupon will be withdrawn at that time, or the opportunity to secure Part One will be lost.

WHERE FALLS THE IRISH DEW

"Tales of Ten Travellers Series."

BY EDGAR L. WAKEMAN.

I.

A MOUNTAIN STILL.

Between the upper waters of the Shannon and the Atlantic Ocean are desolate bogs, reaches of hideous, verdureless rocks lakes of silence and mystery, tarns dark and gloomy and drear, mountains around which ever flit gray spectres of the mist, and here and there silent old ruins, lordly modern castles almost as lone and lifeless, and hut and cabin with just enough of the old Irish race left in them to intensify the desolation brooding upon the countless deserted habitations of a once happy peasantry.

This is Connaught, once a kingdom under the ancient heptarchy; and, since the visit of Cromwell, universally known as that portion of Ireland "geographically west of the law." The picturesque old city of Galway is its metropolis; the outlying Arran Islands and Connamara are its wildest and most desolate districts; and among the countless shore-girding islands and islets and in the mountain regions of the latter, are the houses of the fisher folk, and kelp and turf gatherers, the knitters, weavers, "nappers" and "tuckers" of the famous West of Ireland woolens, and of those who deem it no sin to crack the pate of any murtherin' exciseman, whose undue vigilance in the search of gently simmering potheen stills lures him too close to mountain eeries where falls the Irish dew.

High up there above ancient Toombeola, upon a mighty cliff side overhanging an almost soundless lough, whose waters were blue-black as burnished steel, floated out upon the stillness of this early spring morning the unmistakeable notes of Irish song.

It was not a tune of even flow, but it came in bits and breaks as if some sterner thing than song let out the bars and staves in spite of, rather than on account of, the weightier immediate impulse. It was the voice of a woman, of a maiden, too, pitched with daring for the melodious voice that it was, and now and then explosive with the vigor of some earnest conviction behind:

"Ye lasses and bucks lave off yer sly looks
While I sing of one Thady O'Brady—

M-m-m—yeogh-h-h—Eh-am-m-m —O-ho—Brady! An' me toes peepin' o'er at th' soles o' me shoes th' bitter winter long, an' me hair aiten by rats, slapein' outside an' watchin' th' divil's own gaugers, an' th' dear auld mother consumin' th' poreens an' all, buyin' masses fur th' dear father that fell out th' curragh beside Arran Isle with all that jewel o' brew, may th' saints light his path in glory th' day!—

Who courted Miss Reilly so snug an' so slyly—

an' its so snugly and so slyly I'm thramin' t' Roundstone an' Galway wid th' first shots an' singlin's o' potheen, agin th' law, an' sittin' among th' fishwives an' Claddagh shammers th' whole day fur th' matter o' thruppence th' journey, widout food passin' my lips, like a goat aitin' trees an' air—

Determined to make her his lady
Just before he'd begin to commit that great sin—

on' Dan Maddigan, th' heartsome lad he is! a worritin' me life in and out again wid his love-makin', but he's a brave one, thin! an' his warnin's o' th' gaugers sayzin' th' sthill an' layin' th' dear ould mother's bones in Galway jail, sure its a warmer bed anny day than these wet rocks! until me heart's broke wid trouble entirely—

Which the clergy they call matrimony—

th' divil take Ireland an' thim that's holdin' fur it, when a daycent girl finds no honest labor but marryin' t' kape soul an' body together—

His furniture all he would tell at one call,
That he'd give to his own darlin' honey—

an' so would Dan Madigan, if I could belave his swate blarney! Oh, its a great lady he'd make o' me in his illigant 'nn, which he lays oath he's got alone fur th' love of Elie Dreen—that's me, or what's left o' me; wid th' beggarly life I'm leadin' wid th' nappin' an' tuckin' an' sthill th' dear ould mother says she an' Nora an' Maureen 'll never be lavin'—Howly mother of Moses!—what's that?"

A rock as big as Elie Dreen's head

A rock as big as Elie Dreen's pretty head had come crashing through the cabin roof and fallen upon the huge stone slab where she had been vigorously beating or "tucking" the flannel of Connamara, while singing her song about Thady O'Brady and innocently relieving her troubled heart.

After her first moment of surprise the girl simply gave the fallen rock a quiet glance or two, grasped an old horseshoe that lay upon the tucking table, and after giving a few sharp strokes to the rock beneath her feet, which sent back hollow, ringing sounds, glided out of the hut to speed swiftly up the mountain side above.

It was the oddest Irish cabin that man ever entered. The little structure was built against an almost precipitous rock of the upper mountain heights; the roof of shell-like, shingly rock, being laid upon rafters of larch tree trunks, running from holes chiseled in the ledge, to the single side wall of rudely piled stones. The light entered at doors in the ends and from tiny side windows. A fire place was built against the ledge; a hole in the roof above served as chimney; and beyond the chimney against a dark corner, were a few bunks where the hardy women slept, fearless of all harm save that from prowling gaugers' eyes.

A narrow boreen, or mountain path, in front of the cabin wound along a projecting shelving of the rock, which rose straight and gray as a giant, centuries old wall hundreds of feet above the shadowy lough below. Across this path, which became almost a roadway further down the mountain side, directly in front of the hut, a little rivulet ran singing for a moment and then fell in a tiny, feathery veil of spray over the jagged edge of the precipice. Curiously, too, it trickled from the crag above, within the cabin itself, and found its way across the stone floor and beneath the side wall along a sinuous little runlet, cut for it out of the solid rock.

To even practiced eyes the curious place was only a Connamara "tuck mill," where the wondrous flannel of the region is shrunk, thickened or "tucked" by pounding, while wet, with huge wooden hammers or mallets in the hands of brawny Irish lasses and women. But it was more than this, for suddenly from beneath where Elie had stood a thin slab of stone was cautiously upraised. Hands, arms, and the scraggy head of a woman followed this, while the fumes of peat, of true potheen and of simmering barley mash came along with the thin old locks and the thin old frame from out of the mysterous cavern below.

"Nora?—Maureen? Quick, now, an' whist, avicks!" exclaimed mother Dreen, calling excitedly down the dark aperture, as her frightened eyes discerned the rent in the roof and the rock upon the tucking table.

Up they came pell mell, two as fine and strapping lasses as ever looked bravely underneath ravishingly long lashes out of winsome Irish eyes, or "stepped out" like queens beneath jaunty braideens when the fiddles put the mischief in their own and the Connaught lads' nimble heels.

"Be aisy, mother dear!" came soothingly from Nora; "its but th' frost an' th' wind playin' th' leprachaun above."

"What's ailin'—an' what's done?" came from Maureen, last to gain her footing upon the cabin floor.

"It's not what's done, darlints dear," said the old woman, mournfully, "it's what's doin'. Its the great harm that's comin'. Och, murther!—luk at th' stone!"

She pointed with trembling fingers to the rock upon the tucking table. Upon one side was the word "Gauger" painted in black. Friendly as was the warning, mother Dreen was beside herself with fear. She sank into the corner of the fireplace, rocking and moaning piteously, while the girls, comforting her as best they could, set to mending the broken tiles and then to pounding the cloth upon the table as assiduously as though their hands never knew other employment.

Elie soon returned. She was panting from running and clambering, and her face was full of a foreboding which could not be hidden by all her forgivable tales to soothe the dear old mother there.

"I ran to th' peak, but not sight nor sound did I get. Sure, mother dear, it's only a joke by wan o' th' byes!"

"Manim a Vea agus a' wurrah!" (My soul to God and the Virgin!) she moaned and muttered, shaking her poor old head ruefully.

"Och, thin, we're all born but not buried, mother dear," pleaded Elie, coaxingly.

"Willelu!—willelu! It's twice now I've hear th' banshee's wailin' cry. When th' third wan comes, avicks, it's th' great sorow'll come thereafter; sorow like me poor old Phadric loppin' o'er th' curragh side—swate, bad luck t' th' blackmouth gauger min! An' me a lone shinadhree (thin, weazened body) an' me back bint double wid toil an' dunnus (mischievous misfortune). Och, an' willelu."

"There, there, mother dear, don't be frettin' above th' day ye never saw!" persisted the tender-hearted Elie, kissing and patting the troubled face caressingly.

The poor old body would not be comforted at once, and gave way to the densest Gaelic and keenest lamentations, while the girls worked vigorously, in time gradually shaming and soothing her out of her grief; but Elie, after many a grave and warning wink at her sisters, descended into the cabern with Nora, and there, while busying herself about the brew, confessed with tears and misgivings that her eyes had really seen a figure skulking down the other side of the montain toward Roundstone and the sea.

If the cabin above was a curious place, it was a still stranger place in which Elie and Nora were now toiling, while exchanging their saddening surmises and fears. Some convulsion of nature had opened a large fissure in the solid rock, forming a cone-shaped apartment, perhaps twenty feet broad at the base. The floor of the tuck mill above was reached by a ladder to the edge of the hole beneath the tucking table, which opening was neatly fitted with a thin piece of flagging. Light came in and smoke went out through an opening at the side of the cliff above the lough. Over this the little rill fell in such a veiling spray as to render the detection of the cavern, or of smoke issuing from it, wholly impossible.

Two clumsy caldron kettles with tin covers, sealed with clay, were set on boulders above smoldering fires of peat. Tin pipes led from the caldrons to the still worms, which were coiled in huge tubs of ice-cold water; and, from the mouth of the worms white and sparkling potheen trickled into little half gallon jugs beneath; while in a dark corner were tiny kegs filled with the colorless but powerful spirit and sacks of barley and of oats.

All the folk of this wild region are "agin the law." This to them legalizes potheen-making, with all its dangers and its dreads. Besides, how could a marriage, a birth, a christening, or a wake be celebrated, a friend welcomed or given speed, or any grief or joy be "drowned or lifted," without a drop of the blessed potheen, the Irishman's right since long before the flood? Mill'a murther! the heart that cannot soften to the wretched needs and shifts of such as these, deserves no gladdening joy or tender sorrow of its own!

"Ah, Nora dear, it's a sorra life we're leadin' here!" sighed Elie, pressing the clay between the cover and the steaming caldron.

"It's all that, Elie dear," replied Nora, replacing a jug beneath the trickling worm. "What's got o'er th' divil's back sure t' go off under it, thin!"

"True for ye, Nora; but we must kape grief from the ould mother's heart as long as iver we can. Oh, wurra, wurra, wid livin' at all! But, Nora dear, what wud we do if th' gaugers do be comin' thin?"

"Th' gaugers!—comin'?" Nora's eyes were flashing now. "Thim divil's gaugers come here, t' kill us wid fareer gairh (overwhelming misfortune) entirely?"

The excited girl led Elie to the aperture beneath the tiny waterfall, and pointed downward. It was five hundred feet to the dark waters of the lough below.

II.

IN OLD GALWAY.

Down through the very centre of old Galway rushes the river Corrib to the sea from the weird, castle-lined, mountain-

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hemmed lake Corrib above. On either side are ancient mills, now crumbling and deserted, full of arches and dark recesses like dank cloisters in old abbey ruins, where the water that once moved the tireless wheels frets and scolds among the shadowy silences, as if moaningly calling the dead activities to reawakened life.

Deep in the ancient city's narrow wynds are arch gigantic, corbel huge and gargoyled and balconied lattice-work as light and graceful as though the foam of the sea, or a mass of spectral ferns, had been flung into tremendous walls by fairy architects of a night. In silent courts are mullioned windows, sculptured gateways, bastioned angles, iron wicket work and early moresque tilings, that awaken historic memories of the Spaniards and Moorish merchants that once were here.

Over among the Claddagh men; those wondrous fishers of the Irish western coast, you will find the kinky hair, the closely curling beard and the broad foreheads of the pescadores of Barcelona; and as their glittering harvest of the sea are brought to the rotting quays while they chatter and smile in the morning sun, you will see the hairy breasts, the pearly teeth and the languorous, half-sad gleam of eyes which are found upon the southern coast of old Castile.

If it is early morning, underneath the gray of the arches you will come upon groups of women, swath and dark, with skin and eyes and hair that hint of taint of Latin blood. They crouch together on the pavement, they faces almost invisible, the smoke of their pipes curling out of their braideen hoods.

These are the Galway fishwives, waiting for the landing of the fish upon the quay. If any are mothers, you cannot discover it. If any are wives, it is not known. If any ever loved, or know the home as we know it, it cannot be ascertained. Here they are, as they have been from generation to generation, a wild, tender, savage, merry, lawless, honest mob, dressed or half dressed, as females; grotesquely different from women, and incomparably braver and more enduring than the sturdiest, hardiest of men.

And it is Elie Dreen who, having walked all night over the old coast road of stone from Toombeola heights, with the endless knitting in her hands and the back-breaking load beneath her black braideen, is now passing from group to group among them, accompanied by tinkling sounds of liquid striking glass and smacking sounds of long lingering Irish lips, to keep the grief and dread of want from mother Dreen's heart, away back there in the grewsome home beside the still, while "rising" the hearts of the Galway fishwives for their labors of the day.

Over beyond the ancient city square, in a quiet side street behind where the drowsy posting stations are, stands a two-story, dormer-windowed structure, quaint and sweet and old. On this March morning its shutters were drawn, though the brand-new sign of "Madigan's Inn" glittered like a gaudy mockery in green and above its door of Irish oak.

It is because the clergy in the west of Ireland are more sympathetically close to the affairs and the hearts of the people than elsewhere in all the Green Isle, that after young Dan Madigan had turned the key in the lock of the inn door, having just left the silent hostelry with the young parish priest, his boyhood friend, that the two walked away arm in arm; Dan Madigan's face, renowned for beaming kindliness, now overcast with vexatious frowns, and Father Hobson's, grave enough with sympathy, and not wholly free from a roguish twinkle of the eyes.

"Tin year on th' Galway foorce, lurkin' fur poachers, slatherin' up an' down th' coorts an' alleys fur tramps, separatin' Claddagh brawlers an' bearin' thim divils o' fishwives' blistherin' tongues, wid scrimpin' an' savin' like a miser, built this nest fur Elie, dear, wid two hundred pound in th' stocks t' nurse it t' a thrivin' trade. Father Hobson!" came as a rueful outburst from Dan Madigan's lips.

"And Elie Dreen 'll not come to that elegant home, then? Its a great pity for you, Dan;" answered Father Hobson comfortingly.

"Indade an' she'll not. I've implored an' entrayted her th' three months gone. I got her once as fur as th' dure. 'I'll not go in, Dan,' says she; 'I'll not go in. Ye'd come it o'er me entirely wid yer swate spache an' yer finery. Th' poor ould mother nades me worser nor you, Dan!' An' wid that she broke an' scampered away like a mad hare. Och, Father Hobson, I'm done fur, widout Elie Dreen!"

"You might leave off the 'Father', when we're by ourselves, Dan?" said the young priest kindly.

"Is it Teddy, thin, your reverence?"

"Yes, Dan; and Teddy without the 'riverence,' besides—just the same as when, years ago, we poached salmon together in the Corrib, Dan."

"God bliss ye, Teddy, fur thim same words!"

They had come to the corner of the fish-market square, and stood unobserved by observant of the daily scene upon the Galway quays. The ancient and picturesque square, with gables leaning over it, with arches like mighty hoods opening upon it, with wicket windows looking down into it, and with the Claddagh sails and spars like a wind-whipped autumn forest almost hiding the blue of the sea beyond, was alive with startling color, form, movements and sound. The dexterity of the fishwives in handling and cleaning the fish; the shrill, wild callings from one to another; the wordy wars between them and the fishermen concerning weight, quality and luck, and again between them and buyers as to price; the bedlamitic ballads that were hurled upon the air as the gleaming knives flashed and the fish scales flew like driven sleet; and the torrents of fierce, though secretly merry, billingsgate and abuse, with passes of fishknives as if for murder; cloutings with conger eels, rushings and drubbings bestowed upon innocent strangers or meddlesome intruders, were something marvelous, indescribable, awful; and the priest's face really grew grave as he quietly regarded it all.

"She's there—in th' thickest, av coorse!" said Dan mournfully, while craning his neck for a better view of the thickest of the wriggling throng.

"All right, Dan. We'll speak to Elie together. Come along, Dan, like the man, now, that you are!" This, as Dan Madigan held back rebelliously.

"Beggin' yer pard'n, it's not bein' a man t' get meself an' Elie blackguarded from the market, that'll ruin her little trade. I'll not go!"

"You're right, Dan. I'll speak to Elie alone."

He stepped briskly forward to the densest portion of the crowd, but catching sight of old fishwife Molly Noon emptying a glass of the "rale right sort," just from Elie's hand, stopped, turned his back upon them for a moment as if to leisurely contemplate the quaint architecture of the square, and then, amid wheedling words from the fishwives, close and far, of "Buy 'Fros Ee-rings, th' morn, Father Hobson, dear?" walked straight to Elie Dreen, and with a gesture of authority and a kindly "Come as you are, Elie, I'll speak with you of the mother, Nora and Maureen;" led her, her cheeks suffused and her eyes downcast, out of sight of the harridans of the market place, behind the great arch opening from the square upon the Spanish parade.

When the two were alone at the water's edge, Father Hobson at once thrust his hand within the huge basket beneath her black braideen. Drawing forth a jug, he shook it and found it empty. Then handing the girl two pence he tossed the jug into the bay. Another empty jug and another two pence followed. The third and last jug was partly filled with potheen. He shook this one and asked the girl the value of the spirits in it.

"Tin pence, rightly sold, your riverence," she faltered.

He pulled the cork, emptied the potheen upon the stones, crashed the frail delft upon the quay edge, handed the girl a shilling, and then said sternly:

"Elie Dreen, you're far too likely a lass for the like of this! far too likely."

"Yes, yer riverence."

"You're all, all of you, mind, under the eye of the law at Toombeola."

"I feared it, yer riverence."

"The gauger's 'll sure be upon you, then, Elie Dreen."

"Divil doubt it, yer riverence."

"And then you'll all—you, Elie, girl, and Nora, and Maureen and your mother—be rotting safely in Galway jail."

"All, o' that, yer riverence."

"And your mother'll die in jail, and the heart of Dan Madigan—the finest lad in Connaught!—will be broken then, entirely."

Her great blue eyes filled quickly with tears; but Father Hobson was not sure whether they were most for Dan Madigan's broken heart, or the old mother's bitter end.

"And then Dan Madigan'll do violence to himself, no doubt, and you'll be after having the taking off of two loved ones upon your guilty soul!"

"Och, murther!—God help me thin!" gasped the wretched girl, half falling upon the blackened masonry of the arch for support in her utter distraction.

"Poor Dan!—poor Dan! Dear, dear ould mother! Oh, howly prayst that ye are!—can't ye know th' wringin' an' achin' av me heart? Can't ye see that I'm loving Dan entirely? Can't ye see that me poor ould mother is stubborn an' soft like, an' won't lave off; an' me heart's breakin' wid th' unhowly work; but that I'll drop in me thracks afore lavin' her in th' lone mountains beyant?"

This with a wild, hurt sweep of her hand toward the rock-peaked ridges to the north and west of the blue Galway Bay.

"God knows—an' yer riverence's forgiveness!—but the heart av me is burstin' day and night!" Here she fell upon her knees, clutching desperately, impetuously, at Father Hobson's skirts with, "What wud ye have me do? Oh, yer riverence, don't lave me!—Don't! Oh, what wud ye have me do?"

As in countless like instances where outlawry is pronounced glibly, sins count-

RAILWAYS.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO 19.

To Take Effect at 8.00 a.m. on Thursday October 17th, 1893.

Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

Miles from Wellington	No. 3 Passenger Saturdays (South Bound, Read Up)	No. 1 Passenger Daily (South Bound, Read Up)	STATIONS	No. 2 Passenger Daily (North Bound, Read Down)	No. Passeng Saturday (North Bound, Read Down)	Miles from Victoria
78	Ar. 5:30 P M	Ar. 12:34 P M	VICTORIA	De. 8:00 A M	De. 2:00 P M	
77	5:26	12:30	RUSSELLS	8:04	2:04	1
[illegible]	5:16	12:10	ESQUIMALT	8:14	2:14	4
67	4:51	11:45 A M	GOLDSTREAM	8:39	2:39	11
[illegible]	4:22	11:10	SUMMIT SIDING	9:14	3:10	[illegible]
[illegible]	3:56	10:50	SHAWNIGAN LAKE	9:34	3:36	[illegible]
[illegible]	3:46	10:40	COBBLE HILL	9:44	3:46	[illegible]
[illegible]	3:31	10:27	McPHERSON'S	9:57	4:01	[illegible]
[illegible]	3:21	10:17	KOKSILAH	10:07	4:11	[illegible]
[illegible]	3:16	10:13	DUNCAN'S	10:13	4:16	[illegible]
[illegible]	3:06	10:03	SOMENOS	10:23	4:26	[illegible]
[illegible]	2:44	9:36	CHEMAINUS	10:48	4:48	[illegible]
[illegible]	2:36	9:15	OYSTER BAY SIDG	11:09	[illegible]	[illegible]
		De. 8:31	NANAIMO	Ar. 11:50		73
	1:45	Ar. 8:25	NANAIMO	De. 11:59	5:46	
	De. 1:30	De. 8:10	WELLINGTON	Ar. 12:14 P M	Ar. 6:00	78

On Saturdays and Sundays

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter, good for return not later than Monday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a fare and a quarter where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox

Mileage and Commutation Tickets can be obtained on application to the Ticket Agent, Victoria Station.

R. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt.
H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,

(LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE NO. 22,

Taking effect November 1st, 1893.

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday at 2 o'clock a.m.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday at 13:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P. R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going East Monday.)

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender and Moresby Islands and Sidney, Friday at 7 o'clock.

Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 13 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender Island and Sidney, Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Pt. Simpson and intermediate ports the 1st and 15th of each month at 18 o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 1st and 15th of each month.

The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification.

G. A. CARLETON, General Agent. JOHN IRVING, Manager.

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SPEED	Victoria Route.			TONNAGE
18 knots	S.S. "CITY OF KINGSTON."			1117
7 00 pm Lv	Mi	...*Tacoma...	110 Ar	3 30 pm
9 15 pm Lv	28	...Seattle....	82 Lv	1 45 pm
12 30 am Lv	72	Pt. Townsend	38 Lv	10 30 am
3 30 am Ar	110	...Victoria†...	Mi Lv	7 30 am

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* Daily except Sunday.
† Daily except Monday.

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ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

STEAMER

JOAN

J. R. BUTLER, Master

On and after March 22nd, 1893,

Steamer JOAN will sail as follows:

Calling at Way Ports as freight and Passengers may offer:

Leave Victoria, ...Tuesday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Comox..........Wednesday, 7 a.m.
Returning same day.
" Comox for Nanaimo ....Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria..........Saturday, 7 a.m.

Trips to Valdez Island are discontinued.

For freight or staterooms apply on board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria ... Store street.

ed swift and certain, and thundering warnings are given to those who differ from us, or who are guilty of wretchedness, naming terrors and pointing out generalities of better doing, are far easier than making the way clear and straight for those below.

Father Hobson found himself in precisely this predicament; but he helped the girl gently to her feet; more power to him for it! wiped the mist from his own eyes and the tears from Ellie Dreen's, with the same communal handkerchief; soothed her into the semblance of a sunshiny face with hopeful words; told her he would think it all over at once as he really began doing with his most active wits; and finally parted from her with the promise that before St. Patrick's day had passed, the Toombeola folk should hear direct from him in a way, he trusted, that might make their future brighter and more sure.

Then he walked slowly back to where the impatient Dan Madigan lay in waiting, with his own face more perplexed than his companion's had been when they had left the silent inn. Suddenly he threw his hands together, and then tossed them into the air as though a great load was flung away; with beaming face ran like a lad to where Dan stood; clapped his hand smartly on Dan's shoulder; whispered to him a bit of something which had the wondrous effect of sending Dan Madigan feet high into the air with a West of Ireland whoop of joy that started the passers beside them; when the two, arm in arm, clapping their legs roundly, and sending forth peals of laughter that woke echoes again and again from the century-old silences in the dingy cross alleys and wynds, as if boys once more and wild with expectant glee over the discovery of some rich unguarded Corrib salmon pocket, they went their merry way together.

III.

SEIZURES.

Early in the gray of the evening before Saint Patrick's Day, two vehicles might have been setting briskly forth along the coast road to the westward from old Galway. One was a long car in which rode three stalwart men, well clad in coats of frieze and wrapped in stable blankets and rugs. The other, was a comfortable covered wagonette which might easily have accommodated six persons. It held but one, the silent driver, and a mighty pyramid of straw and rugs. Peasants along the way, craning their necks from behind the corrags, "the ould men of the branches, cr-wisd fending bunches of osiers, before their cabin doors, shook their heads and muttered mournfuly: "God help thim! There'll be wan less potheen sthill in Connamara th' night!" as they passed at a lively pace.

The long car kept always a mile or more in advance of the wagonette; and this for nearly 30 miles; until the southern edge of sombre Lake Alligan, at the precipitous eastern side of the Toombeola heights was reached. Here the long car turned to the north along the narrow eastern shore, and came to a halt under cover of a friendly larch wood copse. The wagonette and its single occupant passed on around the southern shore edge, and was lost from sight in the copse wood there, just beyond where a narrow boreen trailed steeply upward along the rugged face of an almost perpendicular cliff.

Shortly the figures of the three men from the long car came slowly along the southern lake edge; groped about for a little until the mountain path was found; and then began picking their way in the hazy moolight—for a filmy disc around the moon, boding the immemorial drizzle of the morrow, made their upward progress one of great caution and some danger toward the mountain brow above.

At last the outlines of a stone hut, perched upon the very cliff edge, could be dimly discerned. The three now held a whispered consultation, at the close of which one of the party, called Larry, left the other two for reconnoitre, while his companions crouched down beside the cliff. In a few minutes Larry had returned.

"We'll have me sundowns in th' wink o' me eye;" he exclaimed gleefully. "They're dead aslape, your—Teddy, I mane. You an' Dennis take th' boreen door—there's but two—an' I'll guard th' wan furninst the sky. Aisy, now, an' let Dennis give them th' word whin I work me whistle!"

They crept to the cabin silently. A moment of silence followed. Then came the shriek of Dennis's whistle on the still night air, and, as the men stepped quickly to the separate doors and bore softly but firmly down upon each sash, it was answered by a woman's unearthly screech from within:

"Howly mother!, but its th' banshee's cry again! Childer, dear!—Nora?—Maureen? Elie?—All!"

Then there was a loud knock on the boreen side door.

"It's not the banshee, at all, this night, Misthress Dreen. Its th' stronger voice av th' law! Misthress Eileen Dreen, Miss Nora Dreen, Miss Maureen Dreen an' Miss Elie Dreen—she that's been peddlin' th' sthuff for four years gone—we demand yer immediyate surrinder!"

There were smothered screechings and moanings now and the shuffling of bare, excited feet upon the bare stone floor, while the wheedling, whining voice of mother Dreen gave compromizing answer with.

"Ah, thin, what'll ye be havin' wid four lone craythurs, that niver harmed soul, wid tuckin' an' starvin' since the day that iver they wor born!"

"We'll have first yer four corpuses flagrantly, fur snug an' tidy stowin' in Galway jail, an' thin, wid or widout your lave, we'll be havin' yer two purty schills, Misthress Dreen!" came pompously from Dennis at the door.

Four skrill voices were blended in a wild chorus of misery and despair.

"Waste no time, thin, ladies, dear," continued Dennis from without. "We're not naygurs nor haythen, ayther. We'll give you twinty minutes good to get inside yer traps an' we won't peep, aither. Put everything yer owniu' on yer backs, thin; for its th' divil's own ride to Galway. Better put on yer best togs, thin, darlints, and have yet best fut forard. Ye'll need 'em all whin facin' th' judge, afore yer hanged!"

Another chorus of wailings followed Dennis' flippant advice, with sounds of scuffilings, embracings, hurryings and scurryings and the enforced hasty dressing and the groping together their wretched belongings, mingled with the pitiful interjections of despairing love and loving despair.

Finally upon Dennis' sturdy demands a light was struck, and the men simultaneously entered the cabin, where the four poor creatures cowered and shuddered in the corner by the fireplace.

"Have ye surrendered fairly?" demanded Dennis sternly.

"Och, murther!—an' have we thin entirely."

"Ye'd better, me sundowns! Don't ye lave th' place where yer at. Twinty cannons 's pointed at th' sheboen. If ye as much as sthir, ye'll be blowed, cabin an all, beyant Ballynahinch! Come, boys, we'll have a look at the beautiful sthills."

They raised the flagging, and with the lantern they had brought, at once descended into the cavern. Mother Dreen, ever a coward before threatened danger, but who always rose to the height of heroism in times of actual conflict or advantage, with a wild cry of victory sprang to the tucking table, slipped the heavy stone in its place and jumped ecstatically upon it. Then she bade Elie make haste to the Leprachaun Crag above, for the little bag of coin hidden beneath a certain rock; and whispered excitedly to Nora and Maureen, who at once flung open the door toward the Moreen, and stood with clutching hands and heaving breasts beside her.

"Let us!—Let us up out o' this, ye ould bite!" came threateningly from below, with loud rappings underneath the flagging upon which Mother Dreen now stood with blazing eyes.

"Wan at a time, thin, darlints; wan at a time. We'd loike t' be raisonin' wid ye a little!"

Consent was the imprisoned guagers' only recourse. Dennis came blustering and puffing first, half dragged from the hole by hands that tightened upon his limbs with almost gruching power. As the light was extinguished in the cabin, he felt himself suddenly swung from his feet into mid-air.

"Aisy now, avicks. Toss him over aisy!" was mother Dreen's cherry command, as the flagging was replaced and she calmly resumed her solitary guard.

A wild rush was that down the dark and stony boreen with their strange and struggling burden; and Dennis laid oath, long after, that "'Twus into eternity I throught I'd swung!" But the two mountain girls knew every inch of the way to the fine shelving rock near the lower edge of the cliff, where the waters were deep and still.

Thrice they went and came; and thrice there was a cry of terror and a great splashing of the waters of somber Alligan; while Nora and Maureen had scarcely gained the hut for the last time, to find Elie and her mother with some terrified consciousness of what had been done dawning upon their desperate minds, when Dan Madigan came tearing up after them, all but bursting with laughter, but full of woeful lamentations for the straits in which the wretched women were now placed.

"Out o' this!—Out o' this! or ivery mother's son o' yer necks will be stretched! Och, bad luck t' the day we ever will see it! But I'll save ye, me body an' sowl on it, darlints all!"

He grasped Elie in his arms; wailed over her loudly; hustled and pushed mother Dreen and the girls out of the cabin door and rushed them down the boreen; all the time, while holding their misdeed before their now horrified eyes, gasping out the wonderful part he had played in following the gaugers from Galway; in running his horses like mad to distance them and give the Dreens fair warning, how he had missed it by the matter of four miles, only at last to blister his eyes with sight of murder done; and how now, blessed be all the saints! if they would but make wondrous haste and do precisely as bidden, and if there were not twenty and more undrowned gaugers lurking about the bush to pounce upon them, he would make the race of his life for their lives and a place of permanent safety besides.

Then it was that Dan Madigan's wagonette went whirling back to old Galway; mother Dreen, Nora and Maureen snug within the straw, covered close with blankets, and giving vent to occasional smothered groanes as Dan, brave rascal that he was! drew Elie tightly to his side; while his eloquent lips for hours told her the tale of his love with a running fire of warnings to the crouching figures in the straw, to "niver sthir a hair" for "th' divil's own gaugers" were surely after them; as at last they seemed to be; for tearing along behind, came a long car, its occupants shiveringly beating their bodies with their arms, but hallooing threateningly to those within the wagonette.

"See, darlint, how I'll give them the fine slip!" said Dan proudly to the cuddling Elie by his side, as he dexterously swerved his team at full gallop into a noiseless pit of sand, while the long car dashed furiously on.

The wagonette moved slowly now; and a misty drizzle fell through the gray of breaking day as Queen's bridge, over the Corrib, was crossed, and the vehicle wound carefully along unfrequented streets, at last halting outside the ghostly outlines of a little parish church.

Then Dan Madigan whispered solemnly to those beneath the blankets:

"Whist, now, fur yer lives, an' mind what I'm t' say. Its aisy said, Misthress Dreen. Th' worst is fornist us, yit! How can any honest lad, like mesilf, hide away four women—an' three o' thim murdherers!—widout at layst wan's his lawful wife? It can't be done! Thin what? Yer beyant th' age o' marryin', yersilf, Misthress Dreen. Nayther Nora nor Maureen 'll have me. Ellie's th' only wan, as I've been telling her while crassin' th' bridge, that can save ye now! What d'ye say t' that, now? fair and square, Misthress Dreen?"

"What do I say?" groaned the poor woman from under the blankets. "What do I say? Why, Ellie, avick, marryin's betther nor hangin', any day. If there's a proper prayst handy, take Dan quick, Ellie; take 'im quick; fur, och, murther! I'll soon be smotherin' entirely!"

Ah, but there was a "proper prayst handy," when Dan and Elie a moment later stole up to the altar of the dim old church; a proper priest enough for welding together two simple Irish lives; but one that, as he hastily read the responses, said the prayer, gave the blessing and the holy water, seemed strangely convulsed with mirth; though aside from his white robe he looked every inch a man who had been dragged at the wake of a Claddagh boat, from Arran Isle to Galway quay; while the lone and sleepily bewildered altarboy looked the picture of mute despair, as his wondering eyes wandered from priest to pair, until he nearly dropped the sacred vessel from his trembling hands.

But if there was a matter for wonder here, what marvel is that which transformed the silent Madigan Inn to a boisterous realm of joy, when Dan, his bride, and the Dreens were safely sheltered there? When the wild welcome they all first got was from none other than the roaring ghosts of two of those spalpeen gaugers, Dennis Murphy and Larry O'Brien (the other at the very moment, in the priest's house near, shaking his sides with laughter while getting inside of dry clothing!) that had been tossed from the cliff into lonely Lough Alligan? When Father Hobson sent Dan and Elie, beautifully framed and written out in his own fine hand, as a tender wedding gift, the "sky-flowing" lines, which hang in the inn's best room to this day?—

What is that sweet artifice?—
That even in old Ireland's savage West
Builds into rugged walls such tender nest;
That clothes e'en winter's trees with fancy's leaves;
That brings the throb of summer to the eaves?—
Ah, it is Love, but Love!

What is that subtle alchemist
That in the humblest or most savage breast
Brings but munificence of joy and rest;
That deftly changes all alloy to gold,
And gives immortal youth to young or old?—
Ah, it is Love, but Love!

That wrests a thrillful joy from every pain;
That builds from direst loss supremest gain;
That lifts triumphant over harm and hate
To earthly heaven, and Heaven's shining gate?—
Ah, it is Love, but Love.—

When, as the day advanced, Dan and Elie wandered ceaselessly from room to room in silent, rapturous joy; and, "th' tyes" came in; and the girls came also; and old Molly Noon came with the fish-wives wild and shrill; and hosts of others came, grinning, giggling, congratulating, shouting their heart's pulse of good will the whole day long, and away into night;—when there was gosthering great; and slewsthering sly; and Fiddler Mike and music high; and beating hearts and slathering heels; till the rafters rang with jigs and reels; and mother Dreen, at the end, hilariously taxed for a dance, "stepped out" with Dan Madigan himself, danced the brave lad down, and, quietly resuming her seat and her pipe between the "dear ould sthills," kindly hands had set in the little kitchen there, gave solemn oath in the piping Connamara key:

"Och, murther, ye spalpeens all! 'Twas th' greatest Saint Phadric's Day that I iver wor born t' see!"

Sir Walter Scott's Biographer.

The climax of the happy period of life which Sir Walter enjoyed in his new house, with his plantations growing and flourishing round him on every side, and the Tweed flowing by forever, the happy thread of music on which all his doings were strung, was when the cottage of Chiefswood received Lockhart and his wife. Nobody can have forgotten the delightful scene of his daily or almost daily arrival at that beloved nest which he had arranged for his daughter, and in which he now found more than the familiar love which had been his all—his life, the zest of brilliant talk, and communion with a mind that could understand and call forth the treasures of his own. Lockhart responded with all that was in him to this wonderful call. How he responded, with what insight and perception, with what knowledge and sympathy, the whole world knows. We might never have been aware, perhaps, we at least of the later generation, what manner of man Scott was had it not been for this most fortunate marriage. The younger of the two was not a happy man like Sir Walter by the gift of God, nor did he ever attain the greatness which the sanguine eyes of his fatherly friend believed in for him, in that world that was for the winning. He had pangs in his life more keen and sharp than Sir Walter, in all the tragedy of his ending, ever knew. But Lockhart can never be forgotten while literature lasts. He has built a monument which is more worthy than the "labor of an age in piled stones."—Blackwood.

ALL SORTS.

Ladies who do a great deal of sewing frequently suffer a great deal from soreness of the mouth and lips, and are often at a loss to ascertain the cause of the trouble. Half the time it is simply the result of biting off thread instead of using a pair of shears for cutting. In the case of silk thread, the danger is quite marked, because it is usual to soak the thread in acetate of lead, partly to harden it and give it a good surface, and also, perhaps, to increase its weight somewhat. If this practice is followed regularly and very much silk thread is used, the result may be quite serious and even lead to blood poisoning.

* * *

There is a personal cleanliness that with taste in dress and grace in manner rivals and often outshines beauty, says the Philadelphia Times. Trifles like glossy hair, white teeth, well kept hands, a smooth skin redolent of health, sweet breath, fresh linen and spotless garments go a long way towards making up the sum of personal attractiveness. All clean people are charming, but more charming people are never more charming than when they are radiant with good grooming. It is some expense, but a great deal of trouble to be habitually and exquisitely neat. It pays, though, immensely.

The Superiority

Of Hood's Sarsaparilla is due to the tremendous amount of brain work and constant care used in its preparation. Try one bottle and you will be convinced of its superiority. It purifies the blood which, the source of health, cures dyspepsia, overcomes sick headache and biliousness. It is just the medicine for you.

HOOD'S PILS are purely vegetable, carefully prepared from the best ingredients.

English Spavin Liniment removes all hard, soft or calloused lumps and blemishes from horses, blood spavin, curbs, splints, ring bone, sweeney, stifles, sprains, sore and swollen throat, coughs, etc. Save $50 by use of one bottle. Sold by Langley & Co.

A TERRIBLE EXPERIENCE.

EIGHT LONG YEARS OF PAIN AND SUFFERING.

A Well Known Goderich Lady Restored to Health and Strength After Physicians Had Failed—Gives Her Experience for the Public Good.

From the Goderich Signal.

The marvellous change which has taken place in the physical condition of Mrs. Culloden Fraser, Britannia street, during the past twelve months has been the chief topic of conversation among her many friends and acquaintances of late, and to all who know of the terrible manner in which she was afflicted, her lifting up appears to have been little short of miraculous. Mrs. Fraser has a wide circle of acquaintances in Goderich and vicinity, having resided in this town for over thirty years—ever since her husband, who was a merchant in Bayfield, retired from business and settled here. Having heard of the wonderful change that had been brought about in her physical condition, a representative of the Signal called upon Mrs. Fraser at her pleasant home to congratulate her on the improved state of her health, and to find out in what manner the happy change had been effected. He was graciously received and the following statement was voluntarily given by Mrs. Fraser:

"It is now over eight years since one morning as I was performing ablutions, and when passing my hand over my face I experienced a pain on the cheek similar to that which is felt when a thorn which has penetrated the flesh is touched. The pain continued after that and appeared to move all over my face and head. From the cheek it went to the upper lip, then to the lower lip, then to the forehead and head and then to the eyes. So intense was the agony which I suffered that I was unable to touch my hair and eyebrows, and my eyes felt like veritable balls of fire. My gums were so affected that I was unable to masticate my food, and as a result I suffered greatly from a lack of nourishment. My face became so contracted from the effects of the pain that my best friends could hardly recognize me, and the only relief I could get was from chloral and the use of opiates. Finally my local physician, who had been tireless in his efforts to help me, said he could do nothing further for me, and my case seemed utterly hopeless. I then went to Clinton and consulted one of the most skilled practitioners in that town, who diagnosed my case and said he could recommend no treatment that would benefit me. I came home utterly broken down and not knowing what to do. I had read in the papers of the marvellous results accomplished by the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, but as I had never placed much confidence in proprietory medicines so widely advertised, and had relied more on the methods of skilled practitioners, I had not given the matter of using them much thought. As a last resort, however, I determined to give Pink Pills a trial, and had two boxes purchased at the drug store of James Wilson. From the first box I cannot say that I experienced any noticeable benefit, but by the time I was half through with the second box I knew I was mending rapidly, as the terrible pains had ceased to a great extent, and I had become more like my former self. That was last fall, and when my friends heard that I was recovering they began to drop in rapidly and congratulate me. As a result of the excitement consequent upon the fact that as many as ten or a dozen would come to see me during the course of a day, I had a relapse—a return of the old pains—but I continued to take Pink Pills, and am pleased to say that I gradually got back to my normal condition, in which I am to-day. This summer, since August, I have been entirely free from the malady, which has never been the case during the previous seven summers, but I occasionally take the Pink Pills, as my doctor advises me that it is well, so as to ward off the disease. I attribute the remarkable improvement in my health solely to the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and have not failed to recommend their use to many of my friends who have made enquiry as to the benefit derived by me from them."

In conversation with James Wilson, druggist, it was learned that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have a very large sale in Goderich, and that many can testify to their great value as a blood builder and nerve tonic. Mr. George A. Fear (druggist) also speaks highly of the results attained by the use of Pink Pills among his customers, and says he finds them the best selling remedy in his store.

Such remarkable cures as that of Mrs. Fraser have been too few in the past. Thanks to the better knowledge that the people are obtaining of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills they are now becoming more numerous.

This medicine contains in a condensed form all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are an unfailing specific for such diseases as locomotor ataxia, partial paralysis, St. Vitus' dance, sciatica, neuralgia, rheumatism, nervous headache, the after effects of la grippe, palpitation of the heart, pale and sallow complexions, that tired feeling resulting from nervous prostration, all diseases depending upon vitiated humors in the blood, such as scrofula, chronic erysipelas, etc. They are also a specific for troubles peculiar to females, such as suppressions, irregularities, and all forms of weakness. In men they effect a radical cure in all cases arising from mental worry, over work, or excesses of whatever nature.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold only in boxes bearing the firm's trade mark. They are never sold in bulk or by the dozen or hundred, and any dealer who offers substitutes in this form should be avoided. The public are also cautioned against other so-called blood builders and nerve tonics, put up in a similar form intended to deceive. Ask your dealer for Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People and refuse all imitations and substitutes.

These pills are manufactured by the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont., and Schnectady, N. Y., and may be had from all druggists or direct by mail from Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., from either address, at 50 cents or six boxes for $2.50.

Why a Salmon Seizes a Fly.

Writing in Blackwood's Magazine for February on "Salmon Flies," Sir Herbert Maxwell says: "When a child puts something into his mouth the odds are that he means to swallow it, and the fact that a salmon takes an artificial fly into his mouth may seem conclusive of his intention of swallowing it under the belief that it is edible. But if a small bird or a butterfly enters a room where there is a child, that child will probably go for that bird or that butterfly and try to catch it, though with no intention of eating it. The child is moved by curiosity, modified by mischief. And if, while I am writing these lines, a large blue bottle were to buzz around my ears, I would certainly go for that blue bottle, though with no desire to swallow it; my motive would be justice modified by irritation. I have this advantage over a 20 pound salmon, as a child has over a 5 pound grilse, that having hands to handle with, neither of us is likely to be found with the blue bottle, the butterfly or the bird in his mouth. But the salmon and the grilse have no hands; their sole prehensile organ is the mouth; and it seems rash to assume that the motive of either in taking the fly into its mouth is neither curiosity nor irritation, but carnal appetite. When a glittering Wilkinson dances up and down and round and round the watery chamber of a lively grilse, is it idle to imagine that curiosity has something to do with his seizing it; and, if that be the impulse, who can say that it is more or less likely to be roused by a Pounder or a Jock Scott? Not even among French novelists, who sometimes invest Englishmen with unsuspected attributes, has there been found any one to explain the passion of fox-hunting as inspired by hunger."

WALTER BAKER & CO.

COCOA and CHOCOLATE

Highest Awards (Medals and Diplomas) World's Columbian Exposition.

On the following articles, namely:

BREAKFAST COCOA, PREMIUM No. 1 CHOCOLATE, GERMAN SWEET CHOCOLATE, VANILLA CHOCOLATE, COCOA BUTTER,

For "purity of material," "excellent flavor," and "uniform even composition."

SOLD BY GROCERS EVERYWHERE.

WALTER BAKER & CO., DORCHESTER, MASS.

There's Nothing Like SUNLIGHT SOAP

IT DOES AWAY WITH
BOILING
HARD RUBBING
BACKACHES
SORE HANDS

Don't LET ANOTHER WASH-DAY GO BY WITHOUT TRYING Sunlight

REFUSE CHEAP IMITATIONS

AGENTS FOR BRITISH COLUMBIA:
BECKWITH, THOMPSON & KING,
VICTORIA B.C.

B. C. Pioneer Society.

NOTICE.

At the next regular monthly meeting of the Society, on Wednesday, the 4th of April, 1894, a motion proposing to fix a day for decorating graves of pioneers of British Columbia will be considered. Full attendance of members is requested. By order.
ALLAN GRAHAM,
Victoria March 15, 1894. President.

C. P. N. CO., LTD., STEAMER

DANUBE

Meyer Master
Will leave Rithet's Inner Wharf,
—FOR—
Naas River, Fort Simpson & Way Ports
TUESDAY, MARCH 20th,
At 6 o'clock p.m.

For freight or passage, apply at office of Company, 34 Wharf street, Victoria, B.C.
The company reserves the right to change this time table at any time, without notification.
JNO. IRVING,
mar14. Manager.

Spokane Falls & Northern Ry.

NELSON & FORT SHEPPARD RY.

ALL RAIL TO NELSON, B. C

The only through line to Nelson, Kaslo, Kootenay Lake and Slocan Points.

THROUGH TRAINS SEMI-WEEKLY.

Daily, except Sunday, between Spokane and Marcus.

7.00 a.m Lv....SPOKANE....Ar. 5.30 p.m.

Commencing January 8, on Wednesdays and Saturdays trains will run through, arriving at Nelson at 5:40 p.m., making close connection with the steamer Nelson for Kaslo and all lake points, arriving at Kaslo at 9:00 p.m. same days. Returning passengers will leave lake points and Nelson on Tuesdays and Fridays, arriving at Spokane at 5:30 p.m. same days.

The majority of Cereal foods for infants require cow's milk to prepare them for use. This is a great disadvantage, owing to the danger of milk becoming contaminated and unfit for an infant to use.

MILK GRANULES WITH CEREALS

is complete in itself, requiring only the addition of water.

It is a combination of the perfect equivalent of Mother's Milk and the finest Barley, specially treated to render it easily digestible.

For sale by all Grocers and Druggists. Prepared by The Johnston Fluid Beef Co., Montreal.

WE CLAIM

To be the only house in B. C. where you can be fitted with glasse which will give comfort and ease to the eyes.

To furnish glasses FAR SUPERIOR in quality to any you can obtain elsewhere.

F. W. Nolte & Co.,
ONLY OPTICIANS OF B. C., 37 Fort St.
417 Hastings St., Vancouver.

VICTORIA OPTICAL CO.,
The Leading Opticians. 100 Government St.

Perfected Spectacles and Eye-glasses on hand and carefully adjusted. Satisfaction guaranteed. Optical goods of every description. Repairing in all branches done with neatness and despatch. No fancy prices.
A. HYAMS Manager

SAVE Money! Time! Labor!
—BY USING—
THE H. & K.
Self Cleansing
Plate Polishing Cloth

NO PLATE POWDER NECESSARY.

The cloths are chemically prepared and will not injure the finest ware.
Used by the best families in Great Britain for polishing silver and plated ware.
The cloths will last for months and retain their polishing properties to the end. The best thing ever introduced for polishing silver and plated ware.
Price 25 cents per cloth, or three cloths for 50 cents.
For sale at—
SEHL-HASTIE-ERSKINE CO., and WEILER BROS.,
VICTORIA, B. C.

Notice to Contractors and Builders.

LIME.

ATKINS & BROS.

Have assumed their old business and are now ready to deliver LIME to all parts of the city at 50 cents a barrel. It is the best Lime in the Province and has stood the test for the last sixteen years.

Office and Warehouse. No. 3 Pandora St., Near Government
mr 2-1mo

S. A. STODDART

The New Watchmaker and Jeweller, 68½ Yates Street.

Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c;
New Main Springs, 75c,
Balance and Pallet Staffs, $1.25.
And guarantees all work for 12 months.
Practical experience of over 25 years.
Nickle Alarm Clocks $1.10.

JOHN MESTON,

Carriage Maker
BLACKSMITH, ETC.
Broad Street, Between Johnson and Pandora Streets.
VICTORIA, B. C.

Maternity Home
(LATE SAMARITAN)
Removed to larger premises, at 10 Blanchard Grange of Rae Street. Applicants please apply at the Home, or Mrs. Higgins, Cadboro Bay Road, or Mrs. Fitzmaurice, Gorge Road.

VICTORIA RICE MILLS
ROLLER FLOUR MILL
62, 64 & 66 Store St., Victoria.

NOTICE.

We hereby give notice that it is our intention to apply at the sitting of the Licensing Court for the City of Victoria, to be held on the second Wednesday in March, 1894, for a transfer to the executors of the estate of G. Bossi, deceased, of the license now held by the said G. Bossi, deceased, to sell spirituous and fermented liquors by retail upon the premises known as the Russ House, situate on Johnston Street, in the City of Victoria.

ROSA BOSSI,
CARLO BOSSI,
Executors of the estate of G. Bossi, deceased
Feb. 12-30t

PUBLIC NOTICE.

The undersigned will make loans from $1 to $1000 on any approved security.

VICTORIA LOAN OFFICE,
123 Government street.

Private entrance on Pandora street.
Business strictly confidential. e19-tf

NOTICE.

I will not be responsible for any debts contracted by my wife, Mrs. D. H. Adams, after this date.
Dec. 23, 1893. D. H. ADAMS.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

Matters of Interest Going Foward in the Sporting World.

LACROSSE.

THE ANNUAL MEETING.

There was a large attendance of lacrosse enthusiasts at the annual meeting of the Victoria club, held last evening, with Dr. Jones in the chair. The following report from the president, who was absent through illness, was read:

Victoria, March 16,1894.

To the Officers and Members of the Victoria Lacrosse Club:

Gentlemen,—The year of 1893 proved the most successful in the history of the Victoria Lacrosse Club. Until the last two matches, the season resulted in a series of unbroken successes. Out of 16 matches one game only was lost to Vancouver and one to Westminster, the latter while the principal playing members of the team were engaged on the eastern tour. This gave to Victoria the championship of B. C. and a pennant presented by the Hudson's Bay Co.

The year, although there was a slight deficit, was also a success in a financial sense. The total cash received from all sources was $3,400. This was devoted to the paying of the previous year's deficit of $181.25, to the building of a comfortable club house, the payment of rent for Caledonia Park, and the general expenses of the club; while $600 was devoted to the expenses of the eastern trip. The expense of the Morton case amounted to $236.36 with one legal bill to hear from. Taking out these two extraordinary items, it will be seen that otherwise there would have been a handsome surplus.

At a general meeting of the club, it was decided to send the team east to match their play with the senior clubs of Montreal, Toronto and Ottawa. The sum of $500 was voted towards this end, and citizens contributed $485. The eastern people considered it somewhat presumptuous for a team from the Pacific coast to challenge their crack clubs; this opinion was held by many in Victoria also. With the exception of Ottawa, the visiting team received every hospitality at the hands of the eastern clubs. The first game was at Montreal with the "Montreals" and was in favor of Victoria, the result being six games to nothing. This somewhat altered the opinion in the east and at home with regard to the Victoria club's prowess. At Toronto on the following Saturday, the "Torontos" were defeated by four games to two. Again, at Montreal, three days later, in a game with the famous "Shamrocks," the result was a draw, the chances being in favor of Victoria. At Quebec, on the Saturday following, the match was a victory for Victoria, six goals to two. Lord Aberdeen, Governor-General of Canada, saw his first game of lacrosse here, and faced the ball. Although the Capitals, of Ottawa, the winners of the eastern championship, arranged for a game with the Victorians at the exhibition grounds they only sent a mixed team. Had it not been for the disappointment to the people the Victorians would have retired from the field. They, however, began the match, but with a general lack of desire to do their best, and this match resulted in a defeat of three to two, the only one sustained on the tour—a very creditable record. The general result of the trip was very much to the credit of the Victorians, and proved that they were the peers of any in the east. It is to be hoped that the first team there will be sent to British Columbia for a series of matches during this year. In such an event they will receive a warm welcome. Owing to unfavorable weather and playing principally in the middle of the week, the trip shows a deficit of $97.5.

An endeavor was made by several clubs, the initiative eing taken by the lacrosse club, to arrange for permanent athletic grounds, but owing to the general stringency in money matters, it has been decided to abandon the project until a more favorable period. It will therefore be necessary to enter into an arrangement with the Caledonian society for a further lease of their grounds.

During the past year the public have been generous in their attendance at the matches, and in many other ways have recognized the efforts of the club. The club owes a debt of thanks to the gentlemen who provided a portion of the funds for the eastern trip, and on the teams returning therefrom, in securing funds for the handsome souvenir of the season's successes, presented on behalf of the citizens by His Honor Lieut.-Governor Dewdney, in the theatre. The young men of the city, principally those connected with other amateur sports, also tendered the officers and playing members off the team a smokging concert and supper at Hotel Victoria, which compliment was higly appreciated.

An endeavor should be put forth to make the coming season's work as successful as that of 1893. All that is needed to bring about this end is the exercise of the same ambition on the part of the playing members of the club that urged them last year to hard work in practice and united in fair play in the matches; and on the part of the officers and members of the club and of the public, a continuance of the sympathy and assistance that they so generously bestowed in 1893.

In retiring from the Presidency, I have much pleasure in wishing the club every prosperity in 1894.

Your respectfully,
W. H. ELLIS,
President.

The effect of the secretary's and treasurer's reports was embodied in the report of the president. After the adoption of the reports the following officers were elected: Hon. president, Hon. E. Dewdney, Lieutenant-Governor; president, W. H. Ellis, re-elected by acclamation; first vice-president, Dr. Jones; second vice-president, J. H. A. Rickaby; treasurer, W. J. Burnes; secretary, R. L. Drury; assistant secretary, J. Murray; club captain, Ross Eckardt; executive committee, W. J. Smith, T. Allice, W. H. Cullin, George A. Morphy, W. G. Mackenzie and W. E. Ditchburn; delegates to provincial association, T. Allice, George A. Morphy and Ross Eckardt.

There was a long discussion on suggestions made for the guidance of delegates to the provincial association. Those present concurred in the opinion expressed by Mr. Lowe that in case a match is protested it should be awarded to the team found not to be in fault. W. J. Burnes urged that there should be two hours' play instead of the game ending when four consecutive games have been won. He was supported by a number of the players. The desirability of having a permanent referee for the season and admitting the Nanaimo team or the Moonlighters of Westminster into the league, so that more matches could be played in each city, was discussed and will be laid before the provincial association. A. E. Macnaughton deplored the practice of dropping a man off a team when a man on the opposing side was hurt. It was a very unpleasant duty for the field captain to perform and led up to bad feeling.

Mr. Burnes said it was the intention of the president of the provincial association to choose 24 men from the three senior teams for the California tour. The arrangement of this matter was left to the executive.

THE TURF.

OFF TO RUSSIA.

San Francisco, March 17.—Thomas Murphy, the noted trainer and driver of trotting horses, who was recently appointed manager of the racing stables of the Czar of Russia, accompanied by William Overholser, his assistant trainer, left here this morning for New York en route for St. Petersburg. He does not expect to return for several years.

THE OAR.

CAMBRIDGE AND OXFORD.

London, March 17.—The Oxford and Cambridge crews took their final spins on the Thames yesterday preparatory to the great annual race. The Oxford crew was unmistakeably in the better form. Several changes were made in the personnel of the crew during the week, but the following rowed in yesterday's great race:

Oxford—Bow, H. B. Cotton, Magdalene, 138 lbs.; 2, M. C. Pilkington, Magdalen, 171 lbs.; 3, W. B. Stewart, Brasenose, 173 1-2 lbs.; 4, J. A. Morrison, New, 173 1-2 lbs.; 5, E. G. Tew, Magdalen, 191 1-2 lbs.; 6, T. H. Stretch, New, 178 lbs.; 7, W. E. Crum, New, 168 lbs.; stroke, C. M. Pitman, New, 168 lbs.; coxswain, L. Portman, University, 110 lbs.

Cambridge—Bow, A. H. Finch, Third Trinity, 155 lbs.; 2, N. W. Paine, Third Trinity, 155 lbs.; 3, Sir C. Ross, Third Trinity, 162 1-2 lbs.; 4, H. A. Game, First Trinity, 172 lbs.; 5, H. M. Bland, Third Trinity, 162 1-2 lbs.; 6, C. T. Fogg-Elliott, Trinity, 164 lbs.; 7, R. O. Kerrison, Third Trinity, 164 1-2 lbs.; stroke, T. G. Lewis, Third Trinity, 169 lbs.; coxswain, F. C. Begg, Trinity Hall, 116 lbs.

The race was over the championship course of four and a half miles from Putney to Mortlake, and was witnessed by an immense crowd, both banks of the river being lined with people, while the river itself was crowded with craft of all descriptions. The weather was raw and cold, but the water had scarcely a ripple. Oxford won the toss and chose the Surrey side. The crews caught the water simultaneously. After a few more strokes, however, Oxford began to draw ahead, Oxford rowing 39 strokes to the minute, Cambridge 38. Oxford continued to gain gradually throughout the remainder of the race, despite the fact that the Cambridge crew strained every muscle to overtake them, and finished with three and a half lengths of clear water between them and the Cambridge boat. The result was the signal for cheers, tooting of whistles, etc.

FOOTBALL.

THE CALIFORNIA TOUR.

The Rugby team that is to represent British Columbia at the Midwinter fair, leave for San Francisco by the Umatilla on Saturday. The team will be the same as that chosen at Vancouver, all the members having decided to go.

Brief Locals.

—A large number of people are observing to-day as a holiday and there is a big crowd at the Caledonia Grounds to see "Ireland" play "Creation" at Rugby football. The Home Journal appeared printed on green paper and nearly every button hole has a shamrock or slip of green ribbon. Nearly every ticket for the concert at the Victoria theatre to-night has been sold.

Muscles and Muscle-Building.

To the practical anatomist, who may be said to know something about muscles, strong men in the "nude" afford an object study of no small attraction. Doubtless in many cases the exhibition of such splendid muscularity raises feelings in the anatomist of speculation and envy—of speculation with respect to the exact details associated with the attachment and insertion of the various muscles, of envy on account of the utter impossibility of his ever having the opportunity of satisfying his curiosity on these points. In the days, however, when criminals executed by the state had their bodies sent for dissection to the medical schools, occasionally a fine muscular subject would come under notice. One such man was dissected in St. Bartholomew's hospital medical school many years ago. A notable feature in this case was the decussation of the fibres of the pectoral muscles under the sternum. Apropos, however, of the subject of "strong men," Dr. Frank Lydston, of Chicago, contributes an interesting paper to an American contemporary on Sandow, whose name for feats of strength is well known in this country. Sandow is now twenty-six years of age and weighs upwards of thirteen stone. His height is 5 feet 8 1-2 inches. The measurements which he claims are: Chest, 46 inches; waist, 29 inches; biceps, 19 1-4 inches; thigh, 27 inches; forearm, 19 inches; calf, 17 1-2 inches; under axilla and over deltoid, 17 inches; under axilla and over the shoulder, 21 inches. The maximum chest expansion is said to be 14 inches. With respect to the points of interest which Sandow affords the anatomist, the author observes: "Special stress has been laid upon the 'checker-board' appearance of the abdomen seen in various works of art by the old masters as an illustration of this defect. In Sandow, however, the anatomist will notice a division of the abdomen into rectangular areas of muscular eminences which are more prominent than those of any painting or statue with which I am acquainted." Not without interest, too, is the statement that Sandow's muscles when at rest are soft and pliable, but when the muscles are contracted from voluntary effort, it is well-nigh impossible to pinch up the superlying tissues.

But the process by which Sandow has acquired his phenomenal muscularity will porbably cause most surprise to those who learn it for the first time. Strictly speaking, he had a system, and this system consisted "essentially in the acquirement of perfect voluntary control over the various groups of muscles, and where possible, of single muscles. By this specializing he was able to localize his muscle building where it appeared to him to be most needed. Having acquired a fair degree of development and control of the group selected, he then devoted his attention to another, and so on, until he had succeeded in acquiring the foundation of the remarkable general development which he now presents." In his preliminary training the only apparatus used was a pair of five pound dumb bells night and morning, and this is all that is necessary to attain a superb natural development. Regarding his mode of living, astonishment can only be felt that Sandow observes no rules of diet or restriction. He eats, drinks and smokes just as he pleases, and even practices no abstention from food, wine or cigars before giving one of his marvellous performances. In contradistinction to what might have been the case, examination of this strong man's heart and lungs reveals that they are sound. The heart is not disproportionately developed, and its action is normal. Even under severe strain the respiration and heart's action are but little disturbed. Speculation has always been rife as to what the effect would be if, as a pugilist, Sandow were to strike a man. Sandow furnishes the answer himself; he says he would not dare to do so. This opinion certainly bears the impress of truth about it when it is further qualified by the statement that the strong man can break a four inch plank with a blow of his fist! Unhappy man, therefore, would he be who happened one day to take the place of the four inch plank. Dr. Lydston's prognosis of the ultimate effects of the great muscularity upon Sandow is not a very reassuring one. In either case he thinks trouble in prospect for the athlete, whether the feats be continued or whether he retires to a well earned repose. In the first place he holds that the probable disastrous effects of a continuance of his work will involve degeneracy of the blood vessels, degeneration of the arterial walls and cardiac fibres will occur, and dilation of the heart, with trouble with the caronary and minute cerebral arteries is likely to develop. In the second case, disuse, he holds, and degeneracy offer a constant invitation to disease of various kinds. After all Sandow, even if this prognosis in the end prove to be true, may congratulate himself upon having achieved a most enviable reputation in the world.—Medical Press.

DIED.

BLAND—At the residence, Mary street, Victoria West, James William Bland, a native of London, Eng., in the 65th year of his age.

Due notice of funeral will be given.

SMITH—In Victoria West, on Friday, the 16th inst., Mary Elenor, eldest daughter of W. Starmer Smith.

The funeral will take place on Monday, the 19th inst., at 2:3 p.m., from the residence, Sunnyside avenue, Craigflower road. Friends are invited to attend.

PASSENGERS.

Per steamer Premier from Vancouver—O G Evan-Thomas, Mrs Thomas and maid, Miss Potts, Miss Martin, J Foote, T U Sorby, J T Lugrue, J W Langman, P S Lampman, J D Hall, Geo S Martin, R D Fraser, W G Mills, T G Bensworth, A Clark, Geo Gegnac.

Per str City of Kingston from the Sound—J Williwiski, E Loy, G Dauphrey, H McAllen, E Keralsky, W Johnson, W Tardill.

CONSIGNEES.

Per Steamer Premier from Vancouver—D Spencer, Turner Beeton & Co, J Piercy & Co, A F Englehardt, Prof J R Anderson, Order M M, H G Walker, John Riley, On Hing Bros, F C D & Co, Tai Soong & Co, R R Bayne, S H E Co, J Partridge, W Wilson, T N Hibben, J Hutcheson, Mrs Bickford, Lieut-Col Peters care Bank of B. N. A., Mrs E Frank, Gilmore & McC, A B Erskine, J H Baker, Ham Powder Co, L & Leiser, Dr. A T Watts, J Lukov, H Young & Co, J Fullerton, J Marymont, B C Pottery Co, C R King, E Wall & Co, H Creech, Johns Bros, Langley & Co, Ramsay Bros, Nat Eles Co, R McDonald, J Braden, Jno Follick, P Brown, T Earle, Wm Beach, Nesbitt, Dom Exp Co.

Per str City of Kingston from the Sound—A B Erskine, Matthews Richards & Tye, D Campbell & Co, S Leiser & Co, S H E F Co, A W McI, L B, Jay & Co, Vino & B, Sere & Co, W J Cussack, B C Mill T & T Co, Hastie & Bannerman, J Barnsley & Co.

"March to search" is the old adage. It searches out any weakness of the system, resulting from impure blood. Those who use Ayer's Sarsaparilla find March no more searching or even disagreable than any other month. This medicine is a wonderful invigorator.

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